CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

RAY, MEDILL & CO., PUBLISHERS.
OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 51 CLARK STREET.
TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR
VOL. XI. CHICAGO SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 20 1858. NO. 241.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Saturday Morning..........March 20, 1858.

Republican Town Meeting Preparatory to the April Election.

[illegible] March [illegible], 1858.

The Republican voters of the towns of South Chicago, West Chicago, and North Chicago, are requested to meet in their respective Wards and Districts, at the places hereinafter named, on *Friday, the 26th day of March inst., at half-past 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Ward Supervisor, and appointing delegates to the town conventions to nominate candidates for town officers.*

The number of Delegates to be chosen, and places of holding the primary meetings, will be as follows:

SOUTH CHICAGO.

1st Ward—[illegible] delegates—[illegible] Hotel.
[illegible] Old Rooms of the Young Men's Association, Washington street.
[illegible] Ward—[illegible] delegates—Sheriff's Office.
[illegible] Police Court Room, Armory Building.
[illegible] Waugh's Packing House.

WEST CHICAGO.

[illegible] West Market Hall.
[illegible] Union Hall, West Lake street.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

NORTH CHICAGO.

[illegible]
[illegible] North Market Hall.
[illegible]

The Delegates so chosen will assemble in Convention on [illegible], the [illegible] day of March inst., at [illegible] o'clock P. M., to nominate the candidates for town officers at the following places:

South Chicago—Police Court Room, Armory Building, on Adams street.
West Chicago—West Market Hall.
North Chicago—North Market Hall.
By order of the Executive Committee,

N. B. Judd, Chairman.

E. P. Dunham, Secretary.

☞ We learn that the attack made upon Mr. Haines, in one of our city papers, under the assumed [illegible] of [illegible] Marshal Rehm, was written by one of the Sewerage Commissioners, who is indebted to the Republican party for his office, with the assistance of several of our private detective [illegible].—*Democrat.*

What Wentworth [illegible] "[illegible] on the Mayor" was the [illegible] in the Tribune to abolish the [illegible] office of Captain of Police! He deliberately travels out of his way to strike a blow at a "Sewerage Commissioner," by pretending that he was the author of the editorial in this paper. All the previous day he went about vending the statement, that the "City Clerk wrote the article,"—knowing it to be false at the time. He told Mr. Haines so, told several Aldermen so, told scores of others the same story, closing with the interrogatory to each person, *Should not his head come off?* But when he came to put his lie in print he concluded to substitute the name of a "Sewerage Commissioner, and several detectives."

The editors of the Tribune write their own editorials, and alone are responsible for them, including the article in question. They have never been under the necessity of repudiating the authorship of their editorial matter, by the sneaking subterfuge that George Anderson or Dr. Max Myers furnished it.

He talks about the necessity of "harmony in the party," and of "throwing fire-brands," and in the same article flings a column of insulting and incendiary charges and inuendoes at the heads of better and older Republicans than himself. This is a most beautiful method of producing harmony in our ranks!

If the current report should prove true, that Wentworth contemplates going to Europe in May, to be absent for several years, and before leaving intends to discontinue the *Democrat*, there will be no more fire-brands thrown in the party, and no more discord in its councils.

If the new Administration fails to realize the reasonable expectations of the Republicans of Chicago, it will only be from permitting the deadly embrace of his Highness; if it escapes that infliction it will have nothing to fear from all other quarters.

Captain of the Police Question.

We should have said nothing more at present in regard to the expediency of abolishing the office of Captain of Police, had it not been for the appearance of a dictatorial diatribe in a morning paper, leveled at this journal—charging it with a design to cripple or break down Mr. Haines' administration! We penned the article in question with the kindest feelings towards the new Mayor; the suggestions made therein we believed to be good ones, and are still firmly of the same mind. We were deeply mortified at the stage matters assumed in Metropolitan Hall, in the presence of two thousand people. It was believed that the "snarl" was caused by following the unfortunate advice of the Ex-Oneman power," by which the important fact was ignored that the Council is a co-ordinate part of the appointing power, under the city charter. This branch of the government had been overlooked, and left unconsulted. The appointments were suddenly and unexpectedly thrown before the Aldermen, in the presence of a multitude of people; they produced a shock of surprise, followed by a reaction, which shut down on their confirmation when the office of Captain of Police was reached. A very awkward and mortifying scene ensued, relieved only by a still more awkward adjournment, to get rid of the entanglement. When the Council meets next Monday evening, if a Captain of Police shall be appointed, we most assuredly have not the least particle of objection to the officer nominated by the Mayor. We presume he is perfectly capable and would make a suitable Chief. Some of the Aldermen desire to have the present Captain retained. But we presume the public have very little preference—[illegible] as between them, and feel entirely willing that the wishes of the Mayor should prevail in the selection. When we penned our article suggesting the abolition of the office, we were not aware that Mayor Haines had any personal feeling on the subject, and supposed that all he desired was to secure the services of a truly competent man. It seemed to us, in view of all the surroundings of the case, that the best, shortest, and wisest way of settling the [illegible] was to discontinue the office, [illegible] no longer a public necessity. We [illegible] construction of the charter, that [illegible] "Captain of Police" was provided by, or known to, that instrument, and we believe [illegible] tested in the courts, the office would be adjudged illegal. It was devised, [illegible], by the Know Nothing's to provide for a peculiar contingency, which no longer exists, and we see no necessity for its continuance. The people have just elected a [illegible] and capable Marshal, of the same politics of the Mayor and city government, and who will work in harmony with them.

The ordinances declare that "the Mayor shall be the head of the police department, and shall superintend and direct the police generally," and it further declares, that "the Marshal shall be the chief of the acting police, and that the Captain, Lieutenants, Sergeants, [illegible] Constables and the several policemen shall be in subordination to him," &c. "That it shall be his duty to cause the public peace to be preserved, and to see that all the laws and ordinances are enforced, and procure evidence for the prosecution of offenders. He shall obey, and cause the police officers under him to obey, the police rules, prescribed by the Mayor, and see that they (the policemen) perform their duties promptly and faithfully; and shall in case of tumult, riot, insurrection or threatening thereof, take command in person of the police officers and direct their movements in discharge of their duties. He shall attend the police court, &c., and shall keep, and make all such reports, registers, books and reports concerning the affairs and operations of the police department as may be designated by the Mayor," &c.

The charter makes it the duty of the Marshal to "preserve the public peace," and clothes him with "the power of a constable at common law and under the statutes," for that purpose.

Now in view of the premises, suppose Mr. Rehm comes forward to the Mayor and Council, and says, "Gentlemen, by the charter and ordinances I am, next to the Mayor, the legal head of the police department, and I desire to fulfil its duties; I have none other to occupy my time; I receive $2,500 per year for attending to this business; I do not want you to elbow me out, or give my proper business to another person, unless you believe me incompetent, or corrupt, or a Border Ruffian. I believe I am capable, I am sure I am honest, and I know that I am a Republican to the backbone—a friend of public peace, quiet, and good order."

What reply will their Honors make to such a statement? We repeat, that there is no essential use for the office of Captain of Police. Its abolition will save this sorely taxed city $2,000 per year, and stop the mouths of those who will cry out against useless waste of public money.

In making these remarks, we desire to make no issue with Mayor Haines. All we have said, has been in the way of friendly suggestions. If the Mayor and Council do not see proper to act upon them, we are not going to engage in a controversy with them on the subject. As an independent journalist we have stated without asking anybody's consent, what we thought would be a judicious, prudent, and wise step, whereby a matter of contention would be abated, the public interest consulted, and the public pocket relieved, and we have heard nothing to change our opinion, in this regard.

The Tribune was in favor of John C. Haines for Mayor last year; it was in favor of his nomination this year. It gave him a hearty and efficient support. It expects to sustain his administration, and to have frequent opportunities of commending his good deeds as chief Executive. But because it is his firm friend, is that a reason why it should be muzzled? that it should refrain from throwing out a suggestion for the public good? By what authority does the "Ex-Oneman power" dictate to Mayor Haines the course he shall pursue? Does this giant own the new Mayor? Who authorized him to assume a *protectorate* over the chief executive officer of this city? Away with such insulting, impertinent assumptions! His day for taking on official airs is past. He has strutted his Bombastes hour on the stage,—let him now take his place with the rest of the audience.

CITY ITEMS.

Hope Hose Company.—This fine company returned yesterday from their excursion to Janesville and proceeded through the principal streets.

Harper's Monthly.—Osband, at the Tremont House, has Harper's Monthly for April, in advance of his competitors. Osband has also the last New York Clipper.

More Flour for Europe Direct.—We notice Marsh, Harwood & Co., on South Water street, are putting in store about [illegible] barrels of flour, from Belvidere, destined for Liverpool direct.

Police Court.—For being drunk and disorderly, Patrick Donahoe and John Houske were fined $3 each; John West and H. B. Mason $5 each; Mary Wheeler $2 and 20 days in Bridewell; John Stanley $5 and 15 days in Bridewell.

Thanks.—We are indebted to the gentlemanly clerk of the steamer "New Uncle Sam," and to Adams & Co.'s Express, for New Orleans papers of three or four days later date than those received by mail.

Alleged Burglar Arrested.—Officer Walker arrested Charles Kessler upon a charge of entering the house of Christopher Mueller, corner of North Clark and Ohio streets, on the night of the 12th inst., and stealing therefrom a quantity of cigars and clothing, valued at $15. The accused was examined before the Police Court, and committed for trial in default of $500 bail.

Cook County Agricultural Society.—A meeting of the Executive Committee of this Society, will be held at the Tremont House, on Wednesday afternoon, March 24st, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of deciding upon the time and details of holding the Spring Exhibition. Punctual attendance is desired.

John A. Kennicott, M. D., Prest.

Frank W. Reilly, Rec. Sec'y.

New Law Firm.—We notice that A. H. Seaton, Esq., late of the firm of Bond & Seaton, has become associated with John E. Cone, Esq., and that the new firm of Cone & Seaton is located in the new iron front building, No. 102 Randolph street. Mr. Seaton, during his residence in our city, has won a high reputation for energy and ability, and the esteem and respect of a host of friends. We commend the new firm to our readers.

Benefit Concert for Ernst Perabo.—A concert for the benefit of this young musical prodigy will take place at Metropolitan Hall on Tuesday next, the proceeds to be applied to the raising of a fund sufficient to enable him to go to Europe to complete his musical education. Mrs. Bostwick and Mr. Goodwillie will sing on the occasion, and a portion of the Great Western Band will play. Ernst Perabo will play some of his choice pieces on the violin.

Proposed Omnibus Train on the Fort Wayne Railroad.—The property owners in the vicinity of the proposed route of the railroad through Sections 31, Town 39, Range 14, and Sections 4, 9 and 16 in Town 38, Range 14, are requested to meet at the office of Messrs. Nichols & McKinlay, No. 125 Randolph street, this afternoon at [illegible] o'clock, to consider business of great importance.

I. J. Nichols,
J. W. Waughop,
Committee.

Suit against the City.—In the Common Pleas Court, the suit of John [illegible] against the city was tried on Thursday, and the case given to the jury at the adjournment of the Court on that day. The jury is still out and stands eleven for the city to one for the complainant. On the 27th of May last, the plaintiff fell upon a sidewalk on Madison street and cut his cheek so as to leave a scar which disfigures it, but no permanent injury exists. He sued the city for $3,000 damages. Page & Hughes for the plaintiff, and Elliott Anthony, Esq., City Attorney, for the city.

Harper's Magazine for April, &c.—Harper's Magazine, Godey's Ladies Book, Peterson, Graham, Leslie's Family Magazine and Monthly Part, Emerson and Putnam, Nick Nax and Yankee Notions for April, have been received by Messrs. McNally & Co. They also have all the weeklies for this week, and N. Y. dailies of Thursday. In consequence of having, for a number of years, carried on a large wholesale and retail business, it has been necessary for them to keep on hand a large quantity of back numbers of papers and magazines. The magazines they will sell at a very low figure; the papers by the hundred, at almost any price.

Constructive Larceny.—A case of constructive larceny came up in the Police Court yesterday which presented some [illegible] features. It seems that Topping & Greenebaum, a firm doing a liquor business upon Wright street, were indebted to Ald. Myers for $100 worth of stock and the latter held a note for that amount against the firm. The note fell due three days ago, and William Horn, Mr. Myers' Clerk, was sent to collect it. He accordingly went and presented it, for the purpose of receiving the amount due. Horn was collared by Topping, who snatched the note from his hands and tore it into pieces. Topping was held in $300 bail for further examination.

Chicago Historical Society.—Monthly Meeting.—The regular meeting of this Society was numerously attended on the 16th inst., Wm. H. Brown, Esq., President, in the Chair.

After the reading and approval of the record of the preceding meeting, the Librarian reported the acquisitions of the last month, to be:—[illegible] Books, 1,142 Pamphlets, [illegible] Maps and Charts, 36 files of Newspapers, bound and unbound, [illegible] old and rare Newspapers, 2 MSS., 54 yearly files of Periodicals, and 29 packages of Tracts and Pamphlets not enumerated—making a total of 1,947, from fifty contributors, viz:—Rev. H Wood, E. Livermore and the Essex Institute, of Mass.; Adj. Gen. Cooper, of Washington; the N. Y. State Library; Maryland Historical Society; N C Swank, of Iowa; Dr. J P Greaves, I A Lapham, W E Cramer, Messrs Endres Bros; Green Bay, Chicago & Milwaukee R R Co; S Farrar, J A Seger, F V Deuster, Young Men's Association, Messrs. Ewing, Burdick & Co., L L Doty, S M Booth, F A B Becker, Editor of the Milwaukee *News*, Silas Chapman, Messrs. Jermain & Brightman, J N Mason, and Miss Harriet Draper, all of Milwaukee, Wis; Messrs. Judson & McClure, of the Freeport *Journal*, and H B Boss, of Freeport, Ill.; Hon J F Farnsworth, M C., Messrs. Sheahan & Cameron, L Haven, H B Hurd, Rev. C Uconlee, G F Rumsey, E S L Richardson, B F Quimby, Editor of *Western Churchman*, J Willard, S Stone, W P Wright, B F Downing, W H King, Editor of Chicago *Press*, Lt. Col J D Graham, and E W Herrick, of Chicago.

Among the more rare donations were, a Cosmography, in folio, by Munster, printed in 1575, containing a map of the New World, given by Mr Ungnius; and Picart's Ceremonies of the American Aborigines, &c., in two large folio volumes, with numerous engravings, printed in Amsterdam, 1735, given by E W Herrick, Esq.; valuable bound files of Newspapers were received—of Chicago, from Mr. Rumsey; of Washington, from Lt. Col Graham; of New York, from Mr. Boss, of Freeport. A large collection of historical books, &c., was received from Mr. E S L Richardson; and the Society have received, in deposit, the library of a deceased clergyman, deposited by Mr. J P Hatfield, of this city.

To the Cabinet were received, coins from Mr E B Wiley, one a shilling piece of Queen Elizabeth, of England, dated 1563; minerals from Lake Superior, presented by J W Eddy; and a bottle of sand, from Japan, by Mrs. Draper, of Milwaukee, brought thence by her son, who was in the expedition under the late Com. Perry.

On motion of Mr. Haven, the Society's acknowledgments were ordered to be returned to the liberal citizens of Milwaukee, and the various doners reported, also to I. A. Lapham, Esq., of Milwaukee, for valuable personal services.

The Secretary reported 66 letters written by him the past month, and 32 received.

Letters accepting membership were read, from Messrs. Jonathan Burr, C. H. and J. Rockwell, Rev. [illegible] Dr. C. B. Shipman, and Lt. Col. J. D. Graham, of Chicago; H. R. Schoolcraft, Esq., of Washington, and Rev. Joseph Hunter, of London, England. The letter of Mr. Hunter reported encouraging [illegible] in tracing the sources, in England, of the early colonists of Massachusetts, particularly in the counties of Suffolk and Essex.

Letters accompanying or tendering donations were read from Gov. Lowe, of Iowa, the Executive Departments of Massachusetts, Connecticut and Tennessee, the Maryland Historical Society, &c.

Communications were then read from Hon. M. Brayman, of Springfield, Ill., relating to ancient remains West of the Mississippi River, and from J. L. Peyton, Esq., of Va., expressing interest and proffering services in behalf of this Society and its objects. Mr. Peyton referred to an effort commenced by him, a few years since, to prepare a complete statistical work on Illinois, which was abandoned by him from inability to obtain the necessary materials, no public documentary library then existing here. A letter was also read from Hon. S. F. Vinton, of Washington, on the historical authorities relating to the alleged claim of Virginia to the Territory beyond the Ohio River; which was followed by a communication from H. R. Schoolcraft, Esq., of the same place, relative to the ancient mounds in Illinois. Mr. Schoolcraft described this State as an "ample field for aboriginal antiquities, and in the southern part, affording indications of having been, at an early date, the theater of Toltec invasion and conquest. The banks of the Kaskaskia and Cahokia embrace some of the largest and most striking aboriginal remains in the area of the United States." Due care, and enlarged scientific aims were recommended in any contemplated survey of these remains, that they may have "the stamp of solid research."

A communication then followed from Mr. D. Torrey, of Davenport, Iowa, asking this Society's early attention to secure a topographical survey of a group of mounds, some thirty in number, occupying a beautiful site on the East bank of the Mississippi River, in Whiteside County, Ill.; the locality being intersected by the line of the Camanche, Albany and Mendota Railroad, and already determined upon as a town site, arrangements being matured for [illegible] in the early spring. The communication referred to the singular features of the hydrography of this section, as shown by the slough called the "Marais des Osiers," (or, as on the maps, the Marais d'Ogee) connecting the Mississippi River and Rock River, as suggesting a cause for the location of these earth works, which are thought to exhibit some affiliation with the style supposed peculiar to Wisconsin. It was deemed of pressing importance that immediate steps be taken for a thorough exploration of these mounds, (some of which are estimated to be twenty five feet in hight,) "or all that will be known of them hereafter will be subject to well-laid doubts."

The Secretary reported the offer of services from several gentlemen of experience as Civil Engineers, as also of Mr. Hessler, the artist, to assist in any survey contemplated by the Society.

After some interesting discussion, in which the President offered such facilities as were at the disposal of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Co., and remarks were made by Messrs. Raymond, Kinzie, Newberry, and Lieut. Col. Graham, the last named presenting numerous facts from his personal observation in the United States and Mexico, illustrating the generally supposed analogy between the ancient remains in those countries, and of both with those of Egypt; and enforcing the importance of a careful preservation of these monuments of antiquity, in a form to be made available in ethnographic research—on motion of Mr. Rumsey, it was voted that this Society authorize the proposed survey of the Whiteside County mounds, at Albany, to be prosecuted under the direction of the Secretary; and that their thanks be returned to Mr. Torrey for his interesting and timely communication, as well as to the several gentlemen who have volunteered their services in aid of the object.

Lieut. Col. Graham expressed his readiness to render any aid at his command, in furtherance of the undertaking.

The Secretary also reported the offer by Mr. Hessler, to execute a photographic likeness, in group, of the members of this Society, for preservation. Mr. Hessler's offer was accepted, to be carried into effect under the direction of the Committee on the Library, and the thanks of the Society were ordered to be returned for the same.

Mr. Rumsey, from a committee appointed to secure enlarged accommodations for the Society's collections and meetings, reported a written proposition from Walter L. Newberry, Esq., a Vice-President of the Society, offering the gratuitous use, for two years, of an entire story of the new building now in progress, on the corner of Wells and Kinzie streets—eighty by twenty six feet—to be finished in two parts, one for a reception and business room, the other for the Library. The Society is permitted, if now consenting, to have the lease continued for three additional years, by the payment of a moderate annual rent during that time.

On motion of Mr. Haven, it was voted that the Society accept Mr. Newberry's proposal, for the term of five years, and tender to him their acknowledgments for his liberality, and that the same committee, with the Secretary, be authorized to collect such contributions in money as may be required for a suitable preparation of the rooms, and to appropriate the same in consultation with the Committee on the Library.

At the suggestion of the Secretary, it was voted that the same committee be authorized, at the Society's charge, to procure a suitable chair, to be made of materials preserved from the late Block House, in Fort Dearborn, for the use of the presiding officer of the Society at its meetings.

A communication was read by the Secretary, from S. F. Haven, Esq., of the American Antiquarian Society, in Massachusetts, containing particulars of Bisson, a French officer, author of letters from Illinois, written about 1754, also relating to [illegible]

[illegible] the Sacred Scriptures, and other kindred exercises. These meetings they have invited all young men to attend, and not without some success. When the communication of "S." appeared, they felt that the time had come to throw aside their temporary organization, and to join with all who love the cause of Christ, in forming an association on a wider and more permanent basis, and they resolved at once to reply to him through the medium of your journal. They have now secured a hall at No. 133 Lake st., over Messrs. A. D. Titsworth & Co.'s store, and would cordially invite all who are interested in this work to meet there on Monday evening next, to consider the best plan for an organization, and to devise means for establishing, at once, an institution that may be made so highly productive of good to our community. It is earnestly hoped that a large number will attend.

J. N. O.

Unger's Afternoon Concert.—This afternoon Mr. Unger gives another of his delightful concerts, at Metropolitan Hall. The programme is an excellent one and should attract a large audience. It is as follows:

Overture to "Tolva".........................[illegible]
Aria from "The Barber of Seville"........[illegible]
Arranged for the Cornet and performed by Mr. Grois.
American Quadrille..........................[illegible]
Anvil Chorus, from "Il Trovatore".........Verdi
Overture to "Midsummer Night's Dream."......Mendelssohn
Quartette, for Piano Forte, Violin, Viola and Cello, Mayseder
(Performed by Messrs. L. Hahl, H. DeClerque, [illegible] [illegible], and A [illegible].)
Allegretto Scherzando, from Symphony in F major—Beethoven.
Rakoczy March.

The series of concerts given by Mr. Unger have given satisfaction to all who have attended them, and his efforts to create a love of music for music's sake, among our citizens, deserves to be liberally rewarded.

Pleaded Guilty.—Henry Mack, one of those celebrated Indiana counterfeiters who rushed from that State when the recent *sortie* was made on those rascals, was arrested at Galesburg, Ill., some time since, charged with passing bad money. Cases of "uttering" were traced to him, and some $20 proven between Nov. 1st and Jan. 20th. Doubtless these were only a small part of the transactions of this Mack in bogus coin. He pleaded guilty yesterday in the U. S. Court, but was not sentenced. The punishment is not less than one, and not exceeding ten years, in the State's Prison.

Mechanics' Institute—Course of Free Lectures.—A free lecture will be delivered on Tuesday, March 23d, at the Hall of the Institute, (formerly the First Presbyterian Church,) corner of Clark and Washington streets, by C. Butz, Esq., on the Development of the Mechanical Professions in Europe. The public are invited to attend.

L. Dodge, Sec'y.

The Collingwood Line.—The propellers Hunter, Montgomery, Evergreen City, Ontonagon, and two others, if necessary, will be put on the line between this city and Collingwood during the approaching season of navigation.

Wood's Hair Restorative.—
Prof. Wood, the renowned discoverer of the Hair Restorative, still continues to labor in behalf of the afflicted. His medicines are universally admitted by the American press to be far superior to all others for causing the hair on the heads of the aged, that has been silvered for many years, to grow forth with as much vigor and luxuriance as when blessed with the advantages of youth. [illegible]

There can be no doubt that it is one of the greatest discoveries in the medical world. It restores permanently gray hair to its original color, and makes it assume the beautiful silky texture which has been very desirable in all ages of the world.—[St. Louis Morning Herald.

☞ Sold by all good druggists. [illegible]

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

☞ Rev. Mr. Hibbard's eleventh Lecture on Swedenborgianism will be given at the New Jerusalem Temple, on Harrison street, to-morrow (Sabbath) evening, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—"Baptism."

☞ St. John's Church, Union Park, will be open to-morrow, for religious services, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

☞ There will be divine services in the Church of the Atonement, corner of Washington and Peoria streets, on Sunday, at 10½ A. M. and at 3 P. M.

[illegible] Hall to-morrow at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free.

Rev. T. M. Eddy will preach in the Jefferson Street M. E. Church, to-morrow, at 10½ A. M. Preaching at 7 P. M. by the Pastor. Religious services every evening during week, at 7½ o'clock.

☞ There will be anniversary exercises of the Sabbath School connected with the First Presbyterian Church (Rev. Dr. Curtis) to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the church, where, after the annual report, the children will be addressed by Rev. Messrs. Bishop, Boyd and Curtis, and E. C. Wilder, Esq. Singing by the children. It is expected one or more of the Mission Sabbath Schools will be present.

☞ Services of the Church of the Ascension (Episcopal) every Sunday, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., at the corner of Dearborn and Ontario streets. Sunday School at 9 A. M. Rev. Henry N. Morrell, Rector.

☞ Second Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, corner of Monroe and Sangamon streets, Rev. J. M. Ferris, Pastor. Services every Sabbath at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The pews in said church will be rented on Saturday, [illegible]. A committee will be in attendance from 2 to 5 P. M. to wait on such persons as may desire seats.

DIED.

In this city, March 18th, CLARA ELECTRA, only child of Clarence E. and Mary A. Buell, aged 6 months.

The friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, at 2 P. M., from 175 Edina Place.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.

Office of the Chicago Daily Tribune,
Friday Evening, March 19, 1858.

The weather remains beautiful, yet transactions on 'change were less than for some time past. Some large trades were partially made, but fell through—one was a cargo of 10,000 bu wheat for last of May at 55c on board (the seller afterwards refusing to accede) and a lot of Mess Pork at $15. The price of Wheat is affected unfavorably by the high rate of freight by the first Lake vessels down. But few vessels, comparatively, are here, and many of these are Canadian, which cannot load for U. S. ports. The Highwine market is firm at 18c. Whitefish are generally held at $4.50 by the 100 packages, for No. 1; but a sale of 40 hf bbls, mostly No. 1, was made to day at $4, an inside figure. The Provision market is firm, but sales are limited. N. Y. Exchange steady.

RECEIPTS of principal articles by rail yesterday, March 19th, were:

Flour, bbls	[illegible]	Barley, bu	[illegible]
Wheat, bu	4,172	Cattle, No	[illegible]
Corn, bu	550	Dressed Hogs	[illegible]
Oats, bu	1,372	Live Hogs	[illegible]
Provisions, lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Also 33 bbls highwines, and 50 bu potatoes.

The following are sales of to-day and nominal rates:

FLOUR—No sales except to local trade, in which Rock City, a choice brand sold at $4.45; good spring extra at $4.00 @4.25.

WHEAT—Few sales; more buyers than sellers at 50c in store for new receipts—held generally at 52c; a sale of 1,200 bu spring (old receipts) at 50½, and small sales of sale receipts at 50@51c; small sale (75 bu) No. 1 red at 75c to mill. Best spring for milling, 5[illegible]c delivered.

CORN—[illegible] at depot for distilling.

OATS—Sales of 2,200 bu, in 3 lots at 29c in store, [illegible] offered at the car board, without sale.

BARLEY—Sales of 15 bags prime at [illegible], [illegible]

RYE—Steady at 45@50 [illegible]

FREIGHTS—[illegible]

[illegible]

New York Market—March 19.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

FLOUR—Lower and very heavy and dull. Sales 4,300 bbls, at $4.30@4.35 for super State; $[illegible] for extra State; $4.30@4.35 for super Western; $4.45@4.70 for common to medium extra Western; $4.80@[illegible] for round hooped extra Ohio. Market closing heavy, and tendency downward.

CANADIAN FLOUR—Dull. Sales [illegible] bbls at $4.60@5.00 for common to choice extra.

RYE FLOUR—Dull. [illegible]

WHEAT—Nothing of moment doing, and the market dull, and prices tend downward.

RYE—Heavy, parcels are offering to arrive at 68c on the spot [illegible]

BARLEY—Quiet; sales 3,500 bu state; [illegible]

CORN—Lower. Sales 3,000 bu new Southern at [illegible]; mixed Western nominal at [illegible].

OATS—Dull at [illegible] for State, and [illegible] for Western.

WHISKY—Firmer. Sales 230 bbls at [illegible]

PORK—Without material change. Sales [illegible] bbls at [illegible] for mess, $[illegible] for prime mess; $[illegible] for clear; and $[illegible] for prime.

BEEF—Dull and unchanged. Sales 120 bbls at $7@[illegible] for country prime; $10@11 for country mess; and $12 for re-packed mess; $[illegible] for extra do.

DRESSED HOGS—Firm at [illegible].

CUT MEATS—Lower. Sales [illegible] hhds at [illegible] for shoulders, and [illegible] for hams.

BACON—Heavy; sale [illegible] boxes short ribbed middles at [illegible]

LARD—Heavy; sales 170 bbls at [illegible]

BUTTER—Quiet at 14@[illegible] for Ohio and 18@[illegible] for State.

CHEESE—Steady at [illegible]

Lake Steamers.—The steamer Cleveland is to leave Drew's dock on Tuesday evening for Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

Exchange Quotations.

[illegible] Banking Office of E. K. Willard & Young, No. 74 Dearborn Street, Chicago, March 19, 1858.

The following are the current quotations of this date:

Gold	buying 1 P cent; selling 1½ @ 2 P cent.
New York Exchange	½ [illegible]
New American Silver	par
New York State	½ p. c. premium.
New England	1 p. c. premium.
New Jersey	1 p. c. premium.
Philadelphia	1 p. c. premium.
Pennsylvania	Par.
[illegible]	½ p. c. premium.
Maryland	Par @ 2 p. c. discount.
[illegible]	1 p. c. discount.
North Carolina	2 p. c. discount.
South Carolina	2 p. c. discount.
Georgia	Par @ 5 p. c. discount.
Alabama	10 p. c. discount.
Louisiana	½ p. c. premium.
Missouri	Par.
Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana (except Free Indiana)	½ p. c. premium.
Tennessee	[illegible] p. c. discount.
Canada	½ p. c. premium.
Bank of Commerce, [illegible]	½ p. c. premium.
Rushville bank	½ p. c. premium.
[illegible]	½ p. c. premium.

Illinois currency is taken as the standard, at par value.

E. K. Willard & Young, No. 74 Dearborn street, (near the Post Office,) quote Land Warrants as follows viz:

	Buying.	Selling.
160s	[illegible]	[illegible]
120s	[illegible]	[illegible]
80s	[illegible]	[illegible]
40s	[illegible]	[illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

XXXVth Congress—First Session.

SENATE—MARCH 19.

Mr. Gwin's resolution of inquiry, concerning the massacre of California emigrants in Utah was passed.

The Vice President laid before the Senate a joint resolution of the Legislature of New Mexico concurring in the President's view relative to the re-organization of the Territory of Arizona, and suggesting the boundaries of the same. The resolution was referred and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Foster, of Connecticut—The real question in issue can be brought within a narrow compass. He would ask: Is this cause before us in such a shape that it fulfills all the legitimate requirements? If it does Kansas ought to be admitted; if it does not, she ought to be rejected. He then proceeded to discuss arguments for and against the Lecompton Constitution, contending that its illegality cannot be controverted. Taking up the recent Tammany Hall resolutions, he pointed to a passage containing, he said, the climax of reason. James Buchanan, it tells us, can now see the real state of parties, and decide what is to be done. Now he is an outsider. Though but recently Democrats who had borne the burden and heat of the day were read out of the party, because they did not approve of the Kansas Nebraska Act, now they are read out because they do. Kingly palaces, he said, were not the places where the truth was always spoken. The President is not a King, but some of the most repulsive features of kingly courts attach to his position. Do the men who attend the President's court go there to speak the [illegible] If they have the precious jewel, truth, in their heads, they are especially careful not to have it on their tongues. The President, therefore, is the one least likely to know the real state of parties. Mr. F. concluded by expressing himself in general terms against the bill.

Mr. Clay, of Alabama, said, inasmuch as the Legislature of Alabama has passed resolutions to call a Convention to decide upon a course of action in the event of the rejection of Kansas, he felt bound to defend the course of that State. After reviewing at length the events in Kansas, he proceeded to inquire into the validity of the Lecompton Constitution. Many States, he said, had been admitted without the submission of their Constitutions, and that the Lecompton Convention would have acted more in accordance with the principles of the country if it had not submitted the Constitution to the people, either in whole or in part. Turning to the question of slavery, he remarked that property was always the foundation of the social fabric, and that in the formation of our Constitution, slave property was specially protected; the Union owed its being to-day to the institution of slavery, and slave property is sheltered under the ægis of the Constitution. Notwithstanding these facts, there is a party in the country pledged to the extermination of that property. He proceeded to comment on the principles of the Republican party, as promulgated in their platform, and confessed he looked forward with forebodings to the result, if that party obtains possession of the Government. When that happens, and protection is taken away from slave property, then the bond of Union is broken and the South has no longer a motive for its preservation; hence Alabama has declared it will resist aggression upon her rights; she has acted wisely. When the Union becomes an instrument of oppression to the South, he would destroy it at once.

Mr. Houston, of Texas, animadverted upon some remarks of Mr. Clay's against the opposers of the Kansas Bill.

Mr. Clay said he intended no personal disrespect. His remarks had only a political bearing. He complimented Mr. Houston on his courage in the field, as well as wisdom in council.

Mr. Houston replied that every American citizen had courage, and if he had ever displayed any in an eminent degree it was when he stood up here against the opinions of his friends and opposed the Nebraska Bill.—He regarded that bill as a fatal measure, fostered by demagogues, originated by ambition, and intended only to unite the South with a few Northern States to make a President.

Mr. Clay answered that the Missouri Restriction placed a badge of inferiority on the Slave-holding States. The Legislature of Texas has condemned Mr. Houston for voting against that bill.

Mr. Houston said he made the State of Texas but did not make the people. They came there any how, but their condemnation of his vote did not dishonor him.

Mr. Durkee, of Wis., said that he intended to make a speech, but his health being poor, he would let his colleague read it for him. [illegible]

[illegible]

The amendment was rejected: yeas 43; nays 141.

Mr. Quitman's bill for the raising of five regiments of volunteers, was then [illegible] considered to be engrossed for a third reading, by 128 to 14, and was finally passed by 124.

The bill as passed authorizes to receive into service one regiment of Texas mounted volunteers for the defence of the frontier thereof; for the purpose of quelling disturbances in Utah, for the protection of supply and emigrant trains, and the suppression of Indian hostilities on the Northern and North western frontier, the President is authorized to accept the services of any number of volunteers not to exceed in all, four regiments, the same, or any portion thereof, to be organized into mounted regiments or infantry, as the President may deem proper. The volunteers, are not to be accepted in bodies of less than one regiment, whose officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law, in the several States and Territories to which said regiments shall respectively belong.

From Washington.

Washington, March 18.—The Turkish visitors were formally received by the President, to-day, who tendered them the hospitality of the country. Mohammed Pasha replied, saying that he had been directed by his imperial master to be guided by the advice and direction of the President, and to offer this souvenir in testimony of the high regard entertained by the Sultan for the President. The President then invited the visitors to a dinner next Wednesday. Among the few persons present at this reception, were Gen. Cass, J. Horsford Smith, Hon. J. M. Cross, Edward H. Carlick and the President's private secretary.

It is decided to remove Montgomery Blair as Solicitor of the Court of Claims, and of this fact he is aware. Rumor says that Ransom H. Gillett will be his successor, though no appointment has yet been made.

At the evening session of the Senate Mr. Bell concluded his remarks.

New York, March 19.—The *Herald's* Washington correspondence say: Advices have been received from Mexico to the effect that a Zuloaga party has signified its desire to that of the U. S. Government for the sale of some additional territory belonging to the Republic.

Our Government contemplates sending an able and accomplished person on a special mission to Mexico, with a view to keep a sharp look out in reference to certain matters now pending in that country in which we have a large interest.

The Washington correspondent of the *Times* says that the Select Committee, on Matteson's case will report against his expulsion, probably to-morrow.

Later from Mexico.

New Orleans, March 18.—Advices from Minititlan, Mexico, to the 8th, are received.

It is reported that a force of the Zuloaga faction are advancing to besiege that place, which is held by Governor Saenza.

The "constitutional schooner Maj. Bonbow, with 12 officers under the command of Ex-President Salas, had arrived at Minititlan, and not being allowed to land, returned, and are now coming up the river.

The Salas party intended to pronounce for Santa Anna.

It is reported that the Mexicans in that portion were generally in favor of Santa Anna.

Democratic State Convention.

Providence, R. I., March 19.—The Democratic State Convention, which met in this city to-day, nominated Alex. Duncan for Governor. Mr. Duncan is the senior member of the well known banking house of Duncan, Sherman & Co. Elisha R. Potter, Ex-M. C., was nominated for Lieut. Governor.

The Convention was well attended, and its proceedings were spirited and harmonious.

The election takes place on the 7th of April next.

Riot at Toronto.

Toronto, March 18.—At a dinner of the St. Patrick's Association last night, at the National Hotel, Thomas D'Arcy McGee made a speech. The hotel was attacked by a mob and the windows all smashed in. Firearms were freely used, but without fatal effect. The police quelled the disturbance.

Judge Loring Removed.

Boston, March 19.—Gov. Banks, in a message to the Legislature to day, removes Judge Loring, in accordance with the vote of the two branches of the Legislature.

New York News.

New York, March 19.—Col. Fremont and family leave for California, in the Star of the West, to-morrow, to be absent a few months.

Justice Clarke, of the Supreme Court, has refused to discharge from arrest Jacob W. Mott, implicated in the defalcation by the book keeper of the Union Bank.

The down express train on the Hudson River R. R. this morning ran over a portion of rock upon the track of the weight of 300 pounds. The rock, which doubtless fell from the bank above, was severed in two. The train was going at the rate of 40 miles per hour, but was stopped at the distance of 100 yards, by the application of the patent brakes. That a serious accident did not occur is wonderful.

Important Decision.

Cincinnati, March 19.—Judge McLean gave his decision this morning in the case of Z. A. Brinkle, against the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad Company, dissolving the injunction and dismissing the bill and holding that the guarantee by the C. C. & C. Co. of four hundred thousand dollars of the bonds of the Columbus, Piqua and Indiana Co. is valid and binding.

Galt, C. W., March 19.—There is a heavy freshet on the Grand River. The bridge at this place was carried away last night, while a number of persons were crossing. Three were rescued this morning, some distance below the bridge. It is thought one or more are lost.

Hudson River Navigation.

Rondout, N. Y., March 19.—The steamboat Norwich, of Thomas Cornell's line, arrived here this morning from New York. The captain reports the river nearly clear of ice.

Sales by Auction.

BY GRUBB & GILBERT.
Monday, April 5, at 10 A. M.

WE WILL SELL AT THE WAREHOUSE of GIBBS, GRIFFIN & CO., the following goods, unless previously called for and charges paid:
[illegible] bbls and kegs Saleratus—N. R., Chicago.
[illegible] do do —E. F., do
1 box—Lewis Haslie, Ottawa.
1 box Castings—C. & Miss. RR. Co., Joliet.
1 trunk—Joseph [illegible], Chicago.
1 box Glassware—James Evans, Chicago.
1 Lumber Wagon—J. Gould, do
1 bbl and 3 kegs Paint—Douglass & Reed.
1 box—H. Workman, St. Louis.
1 box Castings—A. H. DeCleary, Chicago.
1 bed Castings—Geo. [illegible], do
No mark—1 stove, 1 bench, 1 box Brass Fittings, 1 bbl [illegible], 1 Keg, 1 bundle Bitches, 2 Grain Cradles, 1 bbl [illegible] of Scythe Snaths.
[illegible] GRUBB & GILBERT, Auctioneers.

BY GRUBB & GILBERT,
104 LAKE STREET.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC., AT AUCTION.—On Saturday morning, March 20, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at our Rooms, 104 Lake street, a large and fine assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, Sofas, Rock Chairs, What-Nots, Hall Stands, Card and Centre Tables, Marble Top Tables, Chairs and Rockers, Piano Stools, Chamber Furniture, Bureaus, Bedsteads and Dining Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Dining Room Furniture, [illegible], Carpets, Mirrors, [illegible] Mahogany Frame Mirrors, [illegible] with a large assortment of other goods.
☞ Sale without reserve.
[illegible] GRUBB & GILBERT, Auctioneers, 104 Lake street.

Warehouse Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24th, at 9½ o'clock, I will sell at my sales-room, No. [illegible] Randolph street, the following goods from the warehouse of Messrs. Holmes & Co., unless previously called for and charges paid:

1 carriage (buggy)—[illegible], Chicago.
1 box—[illegible], West Chicago.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
4 sewing machines—George & Wm. [illegible], Chicago.
[illegible]
[illegible]
John Rankin.

GLUE BRUSHES FOR SALE BY
J. H. REED & CO.

50 BBLS. WINTER ELEPHANT OIL just received by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

To-Day's Advertisem'ts.

TO RENT—TWO VALUABLE WATER LOTS for Lumber Yards, one of which is as well located for a large country or city retail trade as any in [illegible]. Address Box [illegible], or inquire at corner of Canal and Monroe streets. [illegible]

TO LET—BUSINESS OFFICES, WELL located.
MARSH, HARWOOD & CO.,
[illegible] South Water st.

1000 BUSHELS BEANS FOR SALE.
MARSH, HARWOOD & CO.,
[illegible] South Water street.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, RECENTLY from the East, a situation as Salesman in the Hardware business. Has had [illegible] years experience in a wholesale house in Boston. Good city references given. Address Henry O. Little, Briggs House. [illegible]

Great Sale of Lumber.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT public auction, for cash, all the large stock of Lumber, Lath and shingles in their Lumber Yard, on the corner of Adams and Canal streets, in Chicago, on the [illegible] day of March inst., commencing at 10 o'clock A. M. The same will be sold in lots, and the sale will be peremptory, in order to close out the business of the firm.
[illegible] A. OFFICER & CO.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN & WIFE or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with front room and board in a private family. Location desirable, and within five minutes' walk of the Post Office. Address Box [illegible] P. O. [illegible]

OFFICE FOR SALE.—A NEW OFFICE [illegible] feet, situated on the corner of [illegible] and [illegible] streets, containing two rooms, and well finished inside and out, with necessary furniture, for sale at a bargain. Address P. O. Box 138. [illegible]

FOUND—ON SUNDAY LAST, ON CASS street, near St. James' Church, a MOURNING PIN containing a lock of hair. The owner can have it by calling at the Tribune office and paying for this advertisement. [illegible]

WANTED—A YOUNG OR MIDDLE aged man with a cash capital of $[illegible] to $1,000, as partner or assistant in an old established and profitable business in this city. If employed as assistant, a fair salary will be paid and ample security given for the above sum. None other than those possessing this amount in cash, need make application. Address with full name, stating former business, &c. B. & S. Tribune office. All communications strictly confidential. [illegible]

FOR MILWAUKEE,
SHEBOYGAN, MANITOWOC, TWO RIVERS
And All Intermediate Ports.

THE LOW-PRESSURE, UPPER CABIN Steamer CLEVELAND, Capt. Dougall, will leave for the above ports on TUESDAY evening, March 23d, at 8 o'clock. Freight will be taken at low rates. For freight or passage, apply on board, or at the office of
[illegible] THE CLEMENT ST. B. & CO.

To Southern Shippers.

CHANGE OF DEPOTS—THE FREIGHT and Lumber Depots of the St. Louis, Alton & Chicago R. R. Company, have been changed to the corner of West Van Buren and Canal streets.
L. DARLING,
Company's Office, No. 40 Dearborn street. Gen'l Ag't.
[illegible]

CHICAGO AND JOLIET
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1858, STOPPING AT ALL INTERMEDIATE STATIONS.

LEAVES JOLIET AT 7 A. M.
Lockport,
Athens,
Summit,
Brighton Course,
Bridgeport,
ARRIVES AT CHICAGO.

RETURNING—LEAVES CHICAGO AT 5 P. M.
Bridgeport,
Brighton Course,
Summit,
Athens,
Lockport.
ARRIVES AT JOLIET.

Depot corner West Van Buren and Canal streets.
[illegible] L. DARLING, General Agent.

DAILY ARRIVALS OF
NEW CARPETS!
JOHN WEST,
197..........Lake Street..........197
IS NOW RECEIVING

BRUSSELS	CARPETS,
THREE PLY	CARPETS,
INGRAIN	CARPETS,
SUPERFINE	CARPETS,
TAPESTRY	CARPETS,
VELVET	CARPETS,
HEMP	CARPETS,
HALL	CARPETS,
STAIR	CARPETS.

FOR SALE AT THE
Lowest New York Prices.
JOHN WEST.

The attention of the public is also invited to his
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Parlor and Chamber Furniture,
AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

ROSEWOOD	CHAMBER	SUITS
ROSEWOOD	PARLOR	SUITS
MAHOGANY	CHAMBER	SUITS
MAHOGANY	PARLOR	SUITS
WALNUT	CHAMBER	SUITS
WALNUT	PARLOR	SUITS

Enamelled Chamber Furniture
BEDDING,
MATTRESSES AND PILLOWS,
Made of the best materials only.
JOHN WEST,
[illegible] 197 Lake Street.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE SIXTH DAY OF March, A. D. 1857, Volney E. Russe and Betsey J. Russe his wife, of Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, by their mortgage deed by them [illegible] executed and delivered, of said date, recorded in the Recorder's office of the county of Cook aforesaid, Book [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Chicago, March 19th, 1858. SAMUEL J. HOBBS.

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, February Term, A. D. 1858.
[illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO [illegible]

[illegible] WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
C. B. Bowen, Plff's Att'y. [illegible]

HOPS! HOPS!!—[illegible] BALES EASTERN HOPS for sale by SAWYER, PASSO & CO., [illegible] Lake street.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S
New Chicago Theatre,
MADISON ST., BETWEEN STATE & DEARBORN.
Proprietor and Manager.......................J. H. McVICKER.
Assistant Manager..............................F. HARRINGTON.
Saturday Evening.................................March 20, 1858.
Fifth Night of the Popular Actor,
MR. JOSEPH PROCTOR,
Who will appear this evening in the wild and fearful personation of BLOODY NATHAN, THE JIBBENAINOSAY, in the highly effective Drama of
Nick of the Woods,
As performed by him with great success throughout the country, over three hundred nights. It will be presented with a powerful cast.
Roaring Ralph..........................Mr McVicker
Col Bruce..............................Mr Bradley
Overture................................By the Orchestra
To conclude with the Comic piece of
What Have I Done?
Prices of Admission:
Dress Circle and Parquette..................Fifty cents.
Second Circle...............................Twenty-five cents.

NORTH'S
National Amphitheatre.
Levi J. North................................Manager & Proprietor
[illegible]..................................Stage Manager.
Reduced Prices.
Saturday Evening.............................March 20, 1858
Last night of the highly wrought and thrilling Drama of
The Road Terror;
OR, THE HIGHWAYMAN OF 1791.
(New Scenery by J. W. Whytal.)
The Rendezvous—The Highwaymen—Song and Chorus—Hurrah for the Road!—Gentleman Harry, the Terror of the Road—Rope and Halter—Protection—Who were my Parents?—Hands to be Plundered—Dogs and Keepers—The Maniac—Tale of Horror, &c. [illegible]—The Highwayman Leaps with the Horse over a Five Barred Gate—The Highwayman's Last Resource—The Highwayman, being closely pursued, dashes up a Hill of Pound Shekels to the utmost height of the Theatre—Makes a Terrific Leap through the Window to the Earth below—Both Horse and Rider Dashed to Pieces.
Master George in a
GRAND ACT ON HIS SHETLAND PONIES.
☞ On Monday and Tuesday, 22d and 23d, the Moral Drama of UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. Wednesday and Thursday, 24th and 25th, the Beautiful Spectacle of THE FALL OF DELHI.
☞ Saturday, 27th inst., grand FOOT RACE FOR A SILVER GOBLET. Entries must be made at the Box Office before 12 o'clock Friday, 26th inst.
PRICES REDUCED, to suit the times.—Dress Circle and Parquet, 25 cents; Family Circle, 15 cents; Orchestra and Arm Chairs, 50 cents; Lower Private Boxes, $5; Upper Private Boxes, $4.
ALTERED TIME.—Doors open at 6¾. Performance commences at 7½ P. M.
N. B.—Improper characters not admitted. [illegible]

JULIUS UNGER'S
AFTERNOON CONCERTS.
The [illegible] of the Series will take place
Saturday Afternoon, March 20, 1858.

MR. UNGER SOLICITS A SHARE OF the public patronage, and promises a fine programme. The Orchestra is composed of competent resident musicians, and every piece will be rehearsed until the rendering is considered sufficiently perfect to please the music-loving community of Chicago. Solos on the Piano, Violin, Cornet and other instruments, will form part of the programme; also Mayseder's celebrated Quartette in D Major, for Piano and stringed instruments, with variations, will be played for the first time in Chicago.
The last Concert of the series will be given during the next week, and another series will begin whenever Metropolitan Hall is not monopolized by the Business Manager of Mrs. Mozart's Concerts.

PROGRAMME:
PART I.
1—Overture to "Tolva".............................Reissiger
2—Aria from "The Barber of Seville"...............Rossini
Arranged for the Cornet and performed by Mr. Grois.
3—American Quadrille..............................[illegible]
4—Anvil Chorus, from "Il Trovatore"...............Verdi
PART II.
5—Overture to "Midsummer Nights Dream"............Mendelssohn—Bartholdy
6—Quartette for the Piano Forte, Violin, Viola and Cello..............Mayseder
Performed by DeClerque, [illegible], Hahl and Nelson.
7—Allegretto Scherzando, from symphony in F major.........Beethoven
8—Rakoczy March.
Tickets for sale at Wells' Shoe Store, at the Music Stores, and at the door on the afternoon of the Concert. To commence at 3 o'clock. [illegible]

MASTER ERNST PERABO'S
Valedictory Concert,
On Tuesday Evening, March 23d,
AT METROPOLITAN HALL.

THIS CONCERT WILL BE THE LAST one here in Chicago. It will be the greatest and the most interesting Concert ever given in this city. Concert pieces with Orchestra will be performed, and also the "[illegible] Cricket" with three [illegible]. Between the 1st and 2d parts, Master Ernst Perabo will give a proof of his great musical talent and ear, to the astonishment of everybody. The proceeds of this Concert will be devoted to Master Ernst's musical education in Germany, his last Concert having produced little above the expenses.
Tickets, 50 cents. To be had at 124 Lake street, Wells' Shoe Store, and at the door. [illegible]

Ladies' Ball.

A GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC BALL will be given by the Ladies of Chicago, at
LIGHT GUARD HALL,
On Wednesday Eve., March 24, 1858.
FLOOR MANAGERS.
Eliza Addy Mary A. Hall Phillis Lankton,
Hayla A Gannett Gertrude Dunn Charlotte Phillips
Ellen Phillips
Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock.
Tickets $2, including carriages. To be had at Tremont House, Richmond House, and Higgins Bros. Music Store. Carriages for at Mack & Doyle's, rear of Tremont House. Music by the Great Western Band.
☞ All wishing a social time on the Eastern plan are invited to attend, as the ladies will spare no pains to make it one of the best of the season. It is their wish, that gentlemen who can appear in uniform will do so, as large delegations are expected, and each Company should be well represented. [illegible]

MRS. J. H. MOZART'S
Saturday Afternoon
CONCERTS.

MRS. MOZART RESPECTFULLY GIVES notice to the public of Chicago, that she intends to give Grand
Vocal and Instrumental Concerts
Every SATURDAY AFTERNOON during the months of April, May, June, September, October, November and December, 1858, at
METROPOLITAN HALL.
The very best vocal talent available will appear from time to time, among which may now be named the following well known artists:
MRS. EMMA GILLINGHAM BOSTWICK,
Mrs. Cassie Mattison,
Mr. J. R. Robbins,
Mr. J. H. Mozart.
Others will appear as occasion will permit.
The large and effective Orchestra known as the GREAT WESTERN BAND, with [illegible] from the numerous talent resident in this city, will be under the leadership of that accomplished and popular gentleman and musician, A. J. VAAS, who will furnish (with the assistance of the experienced support of New York) the newest as well as the most approved Music, Foreign and American. The Solo Instrumental department will be supplied by artists of acknowledged merit, and will appear at concerts [illegible] by the [illegible] of the Concerts in a peculiarly [illegible] point of view.
Mrs. Mozart promises that these Concerts shall be made superior to any of the kind ever given in Chicago, and she [illegible] trusts that [illegible] will be sustained by the liberal patronage of the public.
[illegible] of M. J. H. Mozart, to whom all business communications must be addressed—Box 2201, Chicago Post Office.
Those persons who have received subscription lists and have not yet returned them, will confer a favor by sending them in [illegible] the labor of distributing Tickets [illegible].
Higgins Brothers, and Booksellers generally, will receive subscriptions. Five Concerts, by one dollar [illegible] the season; reserved [illegible] $10. [illegible]

Announcements.

B. B. STILES IS A CANDIDATE FOR Justice of the Peace for the Town of South Chicago, at the ensuing April election, and respectfully asks the support of his fellow-citizens. [illegible]

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—W. W. SNOWDON is a candidate for Justice of the Peace for South Chicago, at the coming April election. [illegible]

BY THE REQUEST OF MANY FRIENDS, Daniel O. Coons will be a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Town of North Chicago, at the coming spring election. [illegible]

DR. JOSEPH WILLARD, BY THE ADVICE of many friends, presents himself as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for North Chicago, subject to the decision of a Republican Convention. [illegible]

COLLECTOR OF WEST CHICAGO.—Jacob G. Graham announces himself as candidate for the office of Collector of West Chicago, subject to the approval of the Republican Convention. [illegible]

CONSTABLE TOWN SOUTH CHICAGO.—C. T. Rounds is a candidate for the above office at the April election. [illegible]

APRIL ELECTION.—J. A. HOISINGTON is a candidate for re-election to the office of Justice of the Peace for the Town of South Chicago, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. [illegible]

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE SOUTH CHICAGO.—C. H. Allen is a candidate for Justice of the Peace in the Town of South Chicago, at the April election, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. [illegible]

TOWN COLLECTOR NORTH CHICAGO.—At the solicitation of many friends, C. J. Wright announces himself a candidate for Town Collector of North Chicago. [illegible]

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE—THE UNDERSIGNED is a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace for the Town of North Chicago, at the election to be held in April next. [illegible]
ALBERT SANDERSON.

CHANCERY NOTICE.
STATE OF ILLINOIS—County of Cook—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, April Term, 1858.
Phillip Taylor vs. Mary E. Taylor.—In Chancery.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE of Mary E. Taylor, defendant above named, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, notice is hereby given to the said Mary E. Taylor, that Phillip Taylor, the complainant, filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, on the [illegible] day of March, 1858, and that thereupon a summons issued out of said Court against said defendant, returnable on the first Monday of April next, 1858, as is by law required.
Now, unless you, the said Mary E. Taylor, shall personally be and appear before said Cook County Court of Common Pleas, at Cook County, on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at Chicago, in said county, on the first Monday of April, 1858, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.
[illegible] WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.
A. Sampson, Compl't Sol'r. [illegible]

DAILY TRIBUNE.

No. 51 CLARK STREET.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Saturday Morning.........March 20 1858.

The Spring Business—Economy the Rule.

The general expectation that there will be a revival of trade upon the opening of navigation, and that that event will mark the beginning of a period of prosperity, is doubtless well founded. But there are thousands who look forward to a season as prolific in adventure and as fruitful in speculative enterprise, as any one which preceded the crash of 1857. Such are doomed to disappointment. Though there will be much money made in the year to come, and though all legitimate business, prudently managed, will yield a handsome per centage upon the capital invested, the men of money who unite enterprise with caution and industry are those who will reap the richest rewards. The time for slap-dash operations of bold and reckless men who have everything to gain and nothing to lose—who strive to attain riches by a sudden leap, and who are no poorer if their plans miscarry—is certainly past, and years must elapse before it will return. The desire for adventurous speculation may be as general and as strong as ever; but the confidence which makes such speculation possible has received a shock from which it will not soon recover. Pains taking industry and care for small savings must now be the rule; and he who does not observe it, will be unusually lucky if he escapes ruin.

The altered condition of affairs ought to be recognized and appreciated by all business men while they are maturing their plans for the season—no matter what business they are engaged in, because the change will not alone affect this parcel of that, this kind of merchandise or the other; it will be felt by all pursuits and every branch of trade. The dealers who supply the necessaries of life will feel it least; but those who furnish luxuries must beware. The mercer who stocks his shelves with the rich and costly silks, which were in demand in the spring of '57; the jewellers who believe, and acts upon the belief, that gold watches, services of plate, and diamonds, will be a legal tender, and that he cannot have too many of them; the dealer in carpets who supposes that the market for velvet and tapestry is not well nigh glutted, and that there will be the usual refurbishing and refitting of domestic establishments; the dealer in laces or any sort of gewgawery which ministers to a correct taste or to a vulgar appetite for finery, must look well to his purchases, or expect that he is on the high road to bankruptcy. Men will do business this year for less than their usual profits, and on a basis as near to cash as usage will permit; and the money for the gratification of taste or for the tickling of vanity will be scarce indeed.

Landlords should see what is ahead of them, and moderate their terms to suit the altered times. Rents must come down still lower, because no business will justify the old rates. The popular ideas of what is necessary for domestic comfort and social respectability are so much enlarged, that there will be but little difficulty in finding tenants at figures still large enough to gratify ordinary cupidity—and the more luxurious the house, the more numerous will be the applications,—but it is one thing to make a lease, and quite another thing to get prompt compliance with its terms. The marked decrease in the nominal value of real estate, in the profits of trade, the wages of industry and the cost of living, must fall upon every rent roll. Last year when a lucky venture in an out-lot, a bold movement in the corn market, or a little inflation of personal credit, would put the tenant in funds to square up with his landlord, it mattered little what he agreed to pay. But time has proved that out-lot fortunes are not as stable as they seemed, that a wide margin to cover possible losses is necessary to the operator on 'Change, and that credit has been inflated until it will not bear another distending puff. This year, rents must be paid with legitimate profits and honest earnings. Landlords whose care it is to secure paying tenants, at moderate rates are, then, the men of wisdom.

But, when the effect of the new order of things is universal, it is useless to specify classes which must come under its influence. Sooner or later all will recognize the necessity for greater industry, for more careful pains-taking, and for more rigid economy. There are men, who, when set running in one rut, never can get out of it, by any exertion of their own. Such, trained during the experience of the past five years to false notions of business, will soon bring up in a slough, while those who can be content with the practice of the old-fashioned virtues of prosperous men, will not regret the return of a period in which they are sure to win. Poor Richard's Almanac is the book for the year.

Why Fry Was Removed.

We doubt if there is a man who has ever heard General Fry utter a disrespectful word of Mr. Buchanan, or a protest against his Kansas policy. The General's taste and habits of mind do not lead him to political discussion; and it cannot be that he is proscribed because he is suspected, merely, of disagreeing with the powers that be. Lecompton may be made the pretext, but there is a reason deeper than that. When there was a proposition before the California Senate to make California a Slave State, the General was a member of that body, and distinguished himself as a firm and reliable opponent of that measure. This has been treasured up against him, and was used at Washington with fatal effect. Said one of his assailants: "How can he be otherwise than opposed to Lecompton? Suppose he don't say anything—didn't he vote for keeping slavery out of California, and how can he help us put it into Kansas? No, Sir, I tell you that he is a d—ned Abolitionist, and he must be put out!" This was the talk, and though forty years of service in the party pleaded for him, and though the Secretary of the Treasury declared that he was the best officer that he had in the West, down came the axe. His services as a partisan and as an honest and competent officer went for nought. He had committed the unpardonable sin; he was in favor of here and there a Free State in which white men might emigrate; and off went his head!

Pacific Rail Roads.

The Postmaster General has addressed a lengthy letter to the Post Office Committee of the House of Representatives, in which he takes very strong ground in favor of the extreme Southern route for the California Overland Mail and the Pacific Railroad. He says that if he had consulted the future wants of the country, he would have made but one terminus on the Mississippi river, and that would have been at Cairo, which place he eulogizes with the enthusiasm of an interested party, considering it the greatest point in the world for a city, with the single misfortune that it has no site upon which to build it. While the great city is building at Cairo, the Postmaster General thinks it better to consider St. Louis and Memphis as of sufficient magnitude, and offering facilities enough to supply its place. Both these places, he thinks, will accommodate the whole country and be accepted as starting points.

Mr. Postmaster General Brown will never be called upon to endure that operation which Mr. Benton proposed to perform for a stupid political opponent—"boring for the big head." Even that would not save him.

First Gun from the old Tenth Legion.—The election for borough officers took place in Mauch Chunk Penn., Wednesday, 17th inst., and the contest was spirited. The Anti-Lecompton ticket was elected by an average majority of 26 votes. Last year the Democracy carried the borough by 83 majority. The Lecomptonites called theirs the "People's Ticket," but this, even, would not save them. The true Democracy of these surrounding hills army will balance the outside.

The Irish Dynasty Revived.

The people of Chicago have pretty conclusively demonstrated that they are ready to dispense with the official services of the willing and patriotic gentlemen from Ireland, who have heretofore lost no opportunity of serving them in the government of city, county and town. They have cleaned out the Court House, weeded out the police, taken the care of the county treasury into their own hands, and now are about to purge the towns. Just at this juncture, when the Irish, who have fattened on the public, are reduced to the disagreeable necessity of going to work or of going hungry, the Federal Administration comes to their relief, and by appointments makes them all the reparation possible, for the indignities which they have suffered by being voted down. Cook is put into the post office; that insures the choice of at least one hundred Irish clerks. It will not matter that most of them know nothing of the duties which they are to perform, or that they are not quick scholars to learn. They are Irishmen, and, as Snowhook says, are the Democracy, and must be provided for. Owen McCarthy takes the place of one of the most valuable officers connected with the Post office Department in the West; and Conley walks into the Custom House with a string of his countrymen at his heels; and with prospective Irishmen in every place that his influence can fill. If there is an Irish surgeon who wants the place which McVicker has in the Marine Hospital, he has but to apply. That an Irishman was not named to succeed Herrington, is to the fact that none—and that is the most singular feature in the case—who had the confidence to ask! An Irishman is very well in his place, and a Catholic is as a usual thing better than his creed; but as two much sweet cloys, and as too much pepper produces indigestion—all Irishmen and all Catholics, are not what we are fond of or variety would wish. We say "all Catholics," because it is well understood that Dr. Ley is so much astonished at his own appointment, that he is now ready to believe the dogma of the *Immaculate Conception*, and that Mr. Fitch, having been educated under Catholic auspices, is a good enough adherent of the "true Church." It is unfortunate that among the many Protestant American gentlemen who swear by Buchanan and Lecompton, not a man could be found who was worthy of the President's favors. But as current events only prove what we have so frequently stated, that there is an indissoluble bond of Union between Popery and Slavery, we must be content under the Irish dynasty, and hope for the time when birth in this country and adherence to the Protestant religion are not disqualifications for official station.

From Washington.

The Last of the Border Ruffians in Washington—Calhoun to give Carr his Certificate of Election—Bigler's Attack on Douglas—Operations in Pennsylvania—The Louisville Canal—A Special Agent Sent to Mexico—Sir Gore Ouseley—Carey Jones—Profitable Contracts for the Army.

(Special Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.)

WASHINGTON, March 17, 1858.

The last of the Border Ruffians has evacuated Kansas, and taken refuge in the bandits' retreat—Whitfield has left his land office and come to Washington. His head, it is said, is in danger, because he is not so enthusiastic for Lecompton as some of his old comrades.

Calhoun has the certificate in reserve for Carr, the Palmetto candidate for Congress. He is the same chevalier who had the foolish though characteristic insolence to give a toast approving the outrage on Sumner. It is said that Mr. Parrott, present delegate, intends to contest his seat. As this would be, in effect, an acknowledgment of the validity of the election, it is to be hoped nothing like it will be done.

Bigler has vindicated his valor by a ferocious attack on Douglas, in connection with the celebrated parlor scene, in which, he says, the popular submission clause was deliberately struck out of the Toombs' bill, which Douglas the next day offered in the Senate. But by the cross-questioning of Broderick, Wade, and others, it came out that after Douglas had crammed the insinuation down Mr. Bigler's throat in the Senate, a private interview took place between these two Senators, in the presence of Senator Pugh, and in that interview Bigler admitted that the conversation in regard to dropping the non-submission clause took place in Douglas' parlor indeed, *but between Bigler and Toombs alone*, Douglas not hearing it nor being a party to it. His admission explains the silence of Toombs. He has not yet burnished up his brass sufficiently to confess that he entered into a conspiracy with the dull Dutchman of Pennsylvania to cheat the people of Kansas out of their right to form and adjust their own Constitution, and also to foist upon their party a measure which, while robbing that people of its rights, imposed upon their party a doctrine, and made it responsible for an act, which must rend it to fragments. The treachery was double and damnable.

The treasury is poured into Pennsylvania to corrupt her Legislature, her political conventions, and her delegation here. The foraging business for the Mormon war is carried on with great spirit in Pennsylvania, and Anti-Lecompton prisoners are brought in every day. No other State, Missouri excepted, is making so much out of the war.

There was a sharp scuffle in the House today between English of Indiana, and Humphrey Marshall, over the Louisville Canal, in which English beat the Kentuckian hollow. It seems that the whole work has been purchased, or what of it did not originally belong to the United States, by the government of the United States, but a dozen or two first families of Kentucky have seized upon it, and divided the spoil among themselves, which amounts to $100,000 a year. It is time this tax upon the commerce of the West was taken off, especially since the government gets nothing from it.

It is understood that the administration has sent a special agent to Mexico, to look after Forsythe, and to spy out the weaknesses of the factions there. If it should peradventure be found that one of these weaknesses is a hankering after American dollars, the agent is directed to turn this passion to account by promising a supply as a *quid pro quo* for annexation.

The presence of two British Ministers here is thought to bode some mighty event. It means simply that Sir Gore Ouseley finds this more convenient for his Central American negotiations, than either of the States of the defunct league. They are now patching up a treaty on that subject, in which Gen. Cass imagines he will have something to do. This is a mistake natural to a man in his situation. Buchanan, John Appleton, and Joe L. White are the negotiators on our side. On the other, Ouseley, Molina and Irisarri, hold the cards.

Carey Jones, Benton's son-in-law, is still missing; when last heard from he was in the fastnesses of the Costa Rican Mountains, bidding defiance to letters of recall. His pay, $8 per day, is still running. William Carey is a model Embassador. He troubles the Department with no other accounts of his stewardship than the bills for his salary.

The fact has transpired that the Commissary Department let out to Reid, the notorious butcher of Osawatomie, and to Armstead, his Virginia partner, a contract for beef, out of which they will make at least $80,000, and for which that sum has been already offered them. They contract to deliver at Fort Leavenworth 3,000 beeves at [illegible] cents per pound gross at Santa Fe for [illegible] cents per pound, and at the Camp in Utah for 11½ cents per pound, gross. The Government, moreover, stipulates to protect them from all loss or damage from Indian hostilities. The amount of this contract, is at least $120,000 at Fort Leavenworth, $160,000 at New Mexico, and $200,000 in Utah. In this way the Treasury is plundered for the benefit of Virginia and Missouri. All this shameful prodigality would have been avoided, had the troops been sent forward, as they should have been, last spring. The Kansas and Utah wars are pouring the treasures of the North into the lap of the South, and particularly into that "hell-hole" of Border Ruffianism—western Missouri. JUNIUS.

Illinois Newspapers.

De Witt County Democrat.—A new Democratic paper with this title has just been started at Clinton, by E. D. King and E. F. Campbell, the first named being the editor. It goes its length for the principle (!) of "Democracy," and thinks that both Buchanan and Douglas are just as good Democrats as they ever were.

New Paper.—The *Central Illinois Gazette* is the name of a new paper at West Urbana, Champaign county. It takes the place of the lately deceased *Agricultural Press*. J. W. Scroggs is editor and proprietor. The first number is well filled with interesting matter, and the paper, if sustained, will be a useful organ for the young town.

Hurry-Scurry Sketches.

Traveling by Stage in Iowa, in the Spring.

NORTHERN-IN-PARTIBUS, March 17, 1858.

Editors Tribune: Never was there a triter saying than that old saw—

"There's many a slip
'Twixt cup and lip;"

and your humble "Hurry Scurry" sorrowfully attests its verity. Yesterday morning, according to "previous arrangement," with a light heart and a heavy carpet-bag, I stepped out of the front door of the Grafton House, to take the coach for St. Paul. The coach! Heaven save the mark! What an elongation of the imagination it required to so designate the rickety, canvas-covered old go-cart that stood, like the creaking skeleton of a "gin cout" old emigrant wagon, backed up to the door to receive me and my luggage.

Mr. Russel's two eyes opened with a look of surprise, and his mouth followed suit with an exclamation of "snakes alive, Michael! you don't tell me that that's the *stage!*"

"'All the world's a stage,' my friend, and why shouldn't this venerable vehicle be so denominated?" remarked I, with a sorrowful attempt to come the *nonchalant* dodge.

"Why, Mr. Carson, is it possible you intend to ride in that old thing all the way up to St. Paul?" exclaimed some of the femininities of the establishment, who were gathered at the window above, intently surveying the rheumatic old wagon.

"No, indeed, ladies; such is not my intention. I assure you, for that I shall walk three fourths of the way, I have not the least reasonable doubt," I made answer.

"Well, I vow I wouldn't go!" was the unanimous exclamation.

But putting on a brave look, and an India rubber overcoat, I shook hands with the assembled boarders, and slinging my carpet-sack in onto the hay, I climbed into the antediluvian conveyance, and took my seat.

"Kaid up!" suggested the driver, with a spasmodic jerk on the lines; "Kaid up! Kaid up! Go 'long, I tell you!" and the slab-sided old horses slowly recovered from the sleepy, hang-dog trance into which the "Whoa!" had inconsistently thrown them, and commenced to drag their "rattling bones over the stones," down toward the Post-Office. Two or three mail-bags, as flabby as the stripped udder of a new-milked cow, were tossed in on arriving, and a couple of rough-looking passengers, in felt overcoats and red leggings, added themselves to the load.

Again the old horses commenced crawling off, and the journey of over three hundred miles was commenced.

As we wound our way along the silent, miry streets, I amused myself by reading the signs, some of which bore a double significance—as for instance:

A POOR DENTIST! [illegible]

To the right were the ruins of the immense new hotel that was burned lately, while immediately opposite, a long row of empty stores, with their doors emblazoned by the inhabitable letters, TO RENT! completed the utter desolation of the scene.

Now we were drawing near the "outsquirts," as Dame Partington has it; the strongholds of the Democracy of Dubuque began to loom up around us, and the literature of the signs and placards began to grow more and more interesting. A tin sign nailed on the door of an Irish residence, or a pig-pen, I couldn't tell which, proclaimed—

FIVe dOLLarS RewaRD
Fur A REad
BaL straiE of this
PREmiSeS!

Suddenly my attention was called from the rare chirography of the signs to something that interested me more closely. The poor old nags were stalled. There they stood up to their haunches in a perfect lake of mud, blowing like a couple of high pressure engines. It was announced that we must get out. The rough coated passengers, whom for designation's sake I will call Jack and Jim, stepped out into the mire, almost knee-deep without a word; and not liking to appear womanish about a little mud, a closer acquaintance with which, I knew it would be my fate to make sooner or later on the route, I rolled up my pantaloons and casting one fond look at the polish on my boots which had cost me 10 cents that morning, looked hard at the mud, and then—put my foot in it! Lord! how I went down. I involuntary caught my breath, as one does when suddenly doused with a bucket of cold water. Seemed as though I never should get to the bottom, but I did finally. Then the question arose: How was I to get out without leaving my boots sticking in the mud? After sundry careful manœuvres, I finally extricated myself from my free soil surroundings, and gained the side of the road where the walking was better. Soon we were far in advance of the wagon, and Jim proposed we should halt in the old brewery which was just ahead of us and "fire up" until the old crow-baits came up. To this motion there were no nays to take and it was accordingly acted upon.

"It's my treat," said Jack walking up to the bar. "Here stranger, come up and wet your whistle," continued he, addressing me. I cheerfully complied with his kind invitation, and we three were soon jocosely discussing our prospects over mugs of rich, foamy, creamy ale. Presently, after we had finished a double supply of ale and smoked a cigar a piece, we heard the heavy breathing of the horses and the rattling jar of the old wagon out upon the street.

"There comes the old beauties," said Jack, "but it's no use for us to think of gittin in, for the old rips are clean tuckered cout, and its much as they kin du to pull the empty waggin where we want to change."

"That's a fact," remarked Jim; "and it's fourteen miles to where we change. So we've got a smart bit of walking to do."

"Darn the odds," remarked Jack. "If the hosses kin carry my baggage, I won't ax 'em to carry this child. They'd lay down an' die, sure, afore they'd git thar."

"Well! what do you say stranger?" asked Jim of me. "Can you stump it of we kin?"

"Guess so!" was the curt reply; so off we started.

There was nothing interesting occurred until we had gone about six miles, when we brought up at the foot of a steep bluff.

"Them hosses kin never git over that!" said Jack surveying the height critically, and then turning his eyes upon the poor old horses, who were slowly heaving in sight. The attempt verified his judgment, for the horses floundered and fell, not possessing sufficient strength to pull up the empty wagon.

"Well, I sware!" said Jack, "got to stump it all the way back and tote our bags to boot! Got to fire up on that a leetle!"

So saying he drew from his pocket a flask well filled with something stronger than beer and took a hearty pull. How I got back to the Grafton just in time for dinner, and how they all laughed at my quick trip, I will not dilate upon. M. C.

The Crushing Out Process.

The New York *Courier and Enquirer*, commenting on the late night session of the Senate, in which Senator Green unavailingly displayed his tactics learned on the Border, says:

But the "crushing out process" did not succeed, the faction was not "crushed out," and Senators Toombs and Green carried out the parallel of Commissioner Yeh, and were forced to yield to the men Seward, and Clark, and Wilson, and Wade, and Cameron. "I can die, but not be conquered. So help me God, I will not be crushed," said Senator Wade of Ohio; "Give me a cup of water and a crust of bread, and I can live a month without leaving the Capitol," said Senator Wilson, from Massachusetts. Their voices sounded like those of the old American Revolution, and Lecompton fell before them, and consented to an adjournment, came down from its seat of dictatorship, threw aside its gag, and consented further [illegible]

[illegible]

Niagara Ship Canal.—The project for a ship canal from some point on the Niagara River above the Falls to Lake Ontario has been in contemplation for some time, and has met with general favor along the whole line of the lakes. A memorial was circulated in Detroit a few weeks since petitioning Congress to grant a portion of the wild lands not otherwise appropriated, to aid in its construction, and it received very many signatures. On Tuesday last, Mr. Burroughs, of the Niagara Congressional district, introduced into the House of Representatives a bill making such a grant, which was referred to a select committee. We have not yet learned the provisions of the bill, nor yet is it possible to state what will be its fate.

The Erie Loan.—A letter from London by the Canada reports the whole subscription to the $6,000,000 mortgage of the Erie Road, to the 26th February, to be about $4,000,000—including, of course the sums taken up by the unsecured bondholders on this side. Whether this statement be by estimate or actual information, the ultimate success of the entire arrangement admits of little or no question.

African Immigration.—The New Orleans *Delta* of the 4th inst. has another article on the subject of African immigration, in which it says that a bill has passed the lower house of the Louisiana Legislature by a large majority, authorizing a company already organized to import 2,500 free blacks from the coast of Africa, to be indentured for not less than fifteen years. The *Delta* throws out the suggestion that the Mississippi and Louisiana companies might be advantageously consolidated into one, having New Orleans as its consultative and financial headquarters. The same paper thinks that the same company might include St. Domingo in its sphere of operations, its black inhabitants being certainly as capable of voluntary emigration as the native Africans; and it is so near, convenient and inviting, that it would seem almost like throwing away an advantage in possession, to pass it by and go all the way to Africa!

Neutrality of the Isthmus of Panama.—It is rumored that the New Granadian Minister at Paris has signed a treaty with France, securing the entire neutrality of the Isthmus of Panama, and that he has also concluded a like treaty with Russia, through the Russian Ambassador at the Court of France. It is also said that, prior to the recent change in the English Ministry, he had negotiated a convention with England for the same purpose; but it is not stated whether it has been actually signed or not.

California Steamers.—The N. Y. *Journal of Commerce* says that the opposition line to California is to be discontinued, but understands that the old companies will continue the policy of reduced rates for some time to come, probably as long as it pays as well as higher rates, which it is very likely to do through increased travel. The plan of establishing a line of propellers to Aspinwall to take freight and passengers at a low rate has been proposed, but no arrangement definitely concluded.

Specie Exports.—The exports of specie from New York to foreign ports for the week ending the 13th inst., were $225,274—making a total since Jan. 1st, 1858, of $9,013,712. Same time in 1857, $4,809,830; same time in 1856, $2,513,983; same time in 1855, $3,739,262; same time in 1854, $2,737,450; same time in 1853, $2,580,747; same time in 1852, $5,862,957.

The Old Rip!—President Kimball, Mormon, boasts that he has had "altogether about fifty children; and that he is still doing the works of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob."

Reading Democrats out of the Party.—Hon. S. S. Cox, Representative from Ohio, writing home to his constituents, says that those who undertake to read out the Western Democrats opposing Lecompton, "*might as well try to read the hickories out of the western woods.*"

The Missouri Democrat on Senator Green.

[From the Democrat, March 16.]

Telegraphic reports tell of a disgraceful scene at Washington, in which Senator Green, of this State, is represented as playing the double role of a blackguard and a bully. His own organ here has a special despatch, no doubt sent by himself, glossing over the affair, and setting him up as a kind of cross between Parolles and Ancient Pistol. The whole thing reminds us far more of Æsop's fable of the ass in the lion's skin attempting to roar and frighten the beasts. No sooner is the bray heard than all detect the imposture. From his advent into the Senate to the present hour his bearing has been characterized by swaggering impudence rather than elevated self-respect, his utterance has been a tissue of misrepresentation relieved by no ray of manly regard for truth, and his self-assumed championship of a corrupt administration, has only disclosed how congenial venality, and trickery and bluster are to his ignoble spirit. Possessed of abilities of a certain order, he yet has not had the candor to face and acknowledge the facts of the Kansas conspiracy, like Senator Hammond, of South Carolina, nor the courage to disclose his real aims as pointing to disunion and revolution, like Senator Benjamin, of Louisiana; but winding around through shallow sophistries, bald declamation and technical quibbling, he evades while he serves, and shuns responsibility though clamorously avaricious of notoriety. And now he comes forward in a new character. The Senate is in session. He is of the majority. They are eager to stop public debate. Accordingly, he seizes upon the occasion to pick out a slender, feeble, white-headed old man, and then gets off a bravura that is equally disgusting and childish. A man of thirty might with as much chivalry have invited his grandfather of eighty to leave his arm chair, drop the crutch and take a tussle with him. We trust that the disgrace which attaches to this occurrence will rest with Mr. Green personally where it belongs, and not be reflected upon a State of which he is no fitting representative. Nor should the people of Missouri be held to account for such a demeanor. They will be as much surprised to hear of this swagger as any who know his antecedents can be, for however warlike he may seem in his present posturing, yet we can say with truth that he has never passed as a fire-eater west of the Mississippi.

Proposed Muster of the Firemen of the United States in Boston.—We are informed that certain parties are interesting themselves in the subscription of a sum of $10,000, which [illegible]

[illegible]

An attempt was made on Sunday night last to burn the freight house of the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago Railroad, at Springfield, but the fire was discovered and extinguished before much damage was done.

A boy by the name of Herbert Tuttle aged fourteen years, the son of a widow lady residing in Peoria, fell from the window of the gallery at Rouse's Hall, on Monday evening, at the close of the Campbell's concert. He was taken up speechless and died a few hours after.

A Desperate Case.—A man named Beach, confined in jail at Vandalia, attempted to commit suicide on Saturday night, the 13th inst., by severing an artery in his left arm, by means of a small blade broken out of a knife loaned him to cut a piece of tobacco. After losing a few gallons of blood, his situation was discovered and the blood stanched. Failing in this endeavor to destroy his life, he declared his purpose to receive no nourishment, saying he did not wish to meet the face of his father, an estimable citizen of Ohio, whose arrival was daily expected; and when our informant left, on Monday, he was greatly reduced and not expected to survive twenty-four hours. He was imprisoned to await his trial for murder committed in Fayette county a few weeks since.—*Springfield Journal.*

A Fiend.—A man living in Decatur, whose name is not given, committed a gross outrage last week, upon the person of a girl 16 or 17 years of age, whom he had taken into his family as a domestic, upon her arrival at that place from New York city, under the protection of the Female Friend's Society. His wife was sick at the time of the outrage, which was committed in the girl's room. An aged woman, whom he had also hired to attend upon his wife, was in an adjoining room and heard her cries, but dared create no alarm, as the fiend had threatened her with personal violence if she did. The girl immediately sought out another place, divulged her painful story, and the matter is now undergoing legal investigation. There is much excitement about the affair in Decatur, and lynch law is seriously talked of to punish the scoundrel.—*Peoria Transcript.*

A Significant Vote in the House—Mohammed Pasha Robbed at Willard's Hotel—Mr. Butterworth Not to be Removed, &c.

(Special dispatch to the New York Times.)

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, March [illegible]

The vote in the House to-day on sending Montgomery's bill to a Select Committee, is considered the most significant yet of the inherent weakness of Lecompton, and greatly encourages its opponents.

Mohammed Pasha arrived to-night. I understand that he had not been at Willard's Hotel twenty minutes before his room was broken open, his trunks ransacked, and their contents thrown about, and his carpet-bag cut fairly in two. Two thousand dollars in gold, and a crown set with gems, worth as much more, were undiscovered by the thieves.

Samuel F. Butterworth, Superintendent of your Assay Office, came here a few days ago, in consequence of newspaper assertions that he was removed, and tendered his resignation to relieve the President from all embarrassment, declaring that he did not desire the office for a single day, unless the President preferred he should have it. The President and Secretary Cobb, knowing the value of men who are "fit to handle bullion," repudiated all idea of his removal, and the Cabinet voted it not to be thought of—so that gun is spiked.

The Democratic Leaders.

It is a remarkable and not insignificant fact that the present leaders and drivers of the so-called "National Democratic" party were nearly all educated in a political school adverse to that of partisan Democracy. President Buchanan was an active, zealous, outspoken Federalist throughout the earlier half of his life, and as such was repeatedly elected to the Legislature and to Congress. Chief Justice Taney was also trained in the school of John Adams, Hamilton, &c., and has never yet pretended to apostatize from their faith, though in the general recast of parties which followed the Presidency of Monroe, he took the side of Gen. Jackson, then a bolting candidate against the Regular Democratic nomination for the Presidency. Robert Toombs, who is the ablest and most effective "National Democrat" in the Senate, was a Harrison and Clay Whig down to less than eight years ago. Alex. H. Stephens, who leads the "National Democracy" in the House, was a rabid Whig till since Gen. Taylor's election; John Cochrane, who is Stephens' first mate, was a Van Buren and Adams Free Soiler in '48. Senator Douglas, who has always supposed himself a Jackson Democrat, is now generally cast out by the Buchanan organs as a Black Republican. In view of these facts, we submit that it matters little whether a man is henceforth called a Democrat or not.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞ The Philadelphia *Press* has the following items:

The Hon. Owen Jones passed through this city, on his way to Washington, on Monday, as true as steel against Lecompton. This, notwithstanding the rumor that his vote against the Harris motion on Friday was indicative of a change. He stands firm, and old Montgomery is at his back like a rock.

WASHINGTON, March 15, 1858.

Several Anti-Lecompton Democrats from Pennsylvania—Messrs. Chapman, Owen Jones, and others—voted on Friday last to lay Mr. Harris' appeal from the decision of the Speaker upon the table, as they considered that decision in accordance with parliamentary usage. On the main question, when it comes up, they will be found, where they always have been, standing firmly upon the platform of Popular Sovereignty, and maintaining the right of the majority to rule. I make this statement not without authority.

"Old Virginny Never Tire."—If the scene of the following item, which we cut from the Wheeling *Intelligencer*, was located anywhere save in Virginia, we should doubt its truth:

We saw yesterday, going up toward the upper ferry, a team of four animals—a horse, a pony, a mule, and a bull. The horse had the heaves, the pony was blind, the mule was lame, and the bull had no provision for fly time. In the wagon, which was an ordinary one, there sat a white man, a crippled nigger, and a skunk finally bound with a wisp of straw. The white man held the lines, the team held its own, and the nigger held the skunk, and they all moved forward. [illegible]

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO RAILROAD COMPANIES.

THE WESTERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY will make special contracts for the transportation of Railroad Iron from New York to Milwaukee or Chicago, at [illegible] per ton, and to Cleveland, Toledo or Detroit, at [illegible] per ton; and to other ports on Lakes Erie and Michigan, in like proportion. For contracts, apply at any office of the Company, on the route between New York and Chicago.

OFFICES:
New York—1 Coenties Slip. Buffalo—Erie Basin.
Albany—[illegible] Pier. Milwaukee.
Chicago—Foot of State street.

mh19-3w P. S. MARSH, President.

CRAWFORD, STANLEY & SEVERANCE,
[SUCCESSORS TO CRAWFORD, PRICE & CO.]
DEALERS IN
Chippewa, Briar Hill,
Mineral Ridge
and Cumberland
COAL.
OFFICE ON THE GOVERNMENT PIER,
Cleveland, Ohio.
[illegible]

WILLIAM SATTLER & CO.,
BANKERS,
32 Lasalle Street, Chicago.
Bills on England, France and Germany.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—[illegible] HERMAN UHRLAUB, WILLIAM SATTLER.

The Banking business will be continued as heretofore, by WILLIAM SATTLER & CO.

Notice.—The Importing and Jobbing business, heretofore carried on by Uhrlaub, Sattler & Co., will be continued at their old stand by HERMAN UHRLAUB & CO.

25 BBLS. 95 PER CENT. ALCOHOL—Just received and for sale at lowest market price by SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 140 Lake st.

OLD BROWN WINDSOR AND OTHER SOAPS—[illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY'S, 140 Lake st.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT—AT [illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY'S, 140 Lake st.

BROWN'S EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER at SARGENT & ILSLEY'S, 140 Lake st.

BAY RUM—A SUPERIOR ARTICLE—AT [illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY'S, 140 Lake st.

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY AND PRINTERS WAREHOUSE, No. 30 Washington street, Chicago. [illegible] D. L. DODGE, Treasurer.

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NEW YORK CITY.
WHOLESALE DEALER AND MANUFACTURER of all kinds of
Wood, Willow and Painted Ware,
Ropes, Twine,
Brushes,
Cordage,
Brooms, &c.
CHEAP FOR CASH.
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Health! Grace!! and Beauty!!!
Douglas & Sherwood's New Expansion Skirt,
With the Adjustable Bustle,
PATENTED APRIL, 1857, WHICH HAS been decided by the best medical authority to be the most beneficial garment ever introduced for the ladies [illegible]

J. H. REED & CO.,
Druggists and Apothecaries,
DEALERS IN
FINE FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY,
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Pocket Cutlery, Fine Parian Ornaments,
CHOICE COOKING ARTICLES,
Pure Wines, Port Monnaies,
DELICACIES FOR INVALIDS,
144 & 146 Lake Street.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION ELECTION,
Saturday, March 27th, 1858.
REGULAR TICKET.
President—HENRY HOWLAND.
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[illegible]

DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
157.........South Water Street.........157
Are now receiving their Spring Stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Which they offer at
Low Prices for Cash or Approved Credit.

NEW GOODS!
HIGGINBOTHAM & WHITE,
82.........Lake Street.........82
ARE RECEIVING
NEW SPRING GOODS DAILY,
WHICH ARE OFFERED
Cheap *Cash Only!*

GREAT SACRIFICES!
THIRTY DAYS LONGER.
The large stock of
Wilder's Safes yet Unsold,
[illegible]
THIRTY DAYS AT A LARGE DISCOUNT.
[illegible]
Old Safes Taken in Exchange.
☞ CALL AND EXAMINE. ☜
S. H. PIERSON & CO.,
13 South Water St.

MELVIN'S AMERICAN GIFT BOOK-STORE [illegible] H. MELVIN.

GOODYEAR'S PATENT VULCANIZED INDIA RUBBER BELTING & PACKING, [illegible]

MATTSON'S ELASTIC SYRINGES.—[illegible] J. H. REED & CO., Druggists and Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake st.

SHALLENBERGER'S PILLS—ANTIDOTE for Fever and Ague—[illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 140 Lake street.

200 BALES BATTS—FOR SALE VERY low by BOWEN BROTHERS, 72 Lake street.

5 TONS TERRA JAPONICA FOR SALE by SAWYER, PAINE & CO., [illegible]

Leather and Findings.

THE GREAT WESTERN
LEATHER AND HIDE STORE,
201 & 203 S. Water Street, Chicago.
Slaughter and Spanish Sole,
French & Domestic Kip & Calf Skins,
LININGS, LASTS, FINDINGS
HARNESS AND BRIDLE LEATHER,
SELLING OFF
At a Great Reduction of Prices,
BY
R. T. BLACKBURN & BRO.
☞ N. B.—Hides wanted, for cash, at market price.

LEATHER—LEATHER.
JAMES KELLY,
LATE KELLY & BLACKBURN, HAVING purchased the interest of his partner in the business, [illegible]
No. 248 Lake Street,
[illegible]
FRENCH AND AMERICAN
KIP AND CALF SKINS,
SPANISH AND SLAUGHTER SOLE,
LININGS, LASTS, &c.
LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING,
Which he will always sell at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Chicago, Nov. 25, 1857. JAMES KELLY.

Clothing.

142. For 30 Days Longer. 142
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,
[illegible]
E. L. HARDING & CO.,
[illegible]
Entire Stock of Fine Clothing
AND FURNISHING GOODS,
AT PRIME MANUFACTURERS' COST,
[illegible]
SPRING GOODS.
Also their entire stock of
YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
At Prices Heretofore Unheard of in Chicago.
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,
142 Lake Street.

Boots & Shoes.

REMOVAL!
THE REMAINDER OF THAT
Immense and Very Cheap Consignment
—OF—
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Has been removed from 62 Lake st. to my old stand,
Number 163 Randolph Street,
UNDER METROPOLITAN HALL,
And will be offered for the next thirty Days, and until they are disposed of,
At Lower Rates than Heretofore.
There are yet about
$30,000 Worth Unsold,
AND THEY MUST & WILL BE SOLD,
If at Less than Manufacturers' Cost.
It comprises a general assortment of MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S GOODS.
The following prices will be an indication of the rates in which proportion they will all be sold:
MEN'S BEST PAT. LEATHER LONG TOP BOOTS...$3.75
MEN'S FINE CALF BOOTS...$3 50 to 4 50
" D. S. Dill Sewed...3 50 to 3 50
MEN'S SUPERIOR HEAVY KIP BOOTS...2 50 to 3 00
" CALF CONG. GAITERS...[illegible]
" RUBBERS (80 pairs)...[illegible]
WOMEN'S RUBBERS (30 pairs)...[illegible]
" FOXED GAITERS...[illegible] to $1 50
BOYS' KIP AND CALF BOOTS...$1 25 to 2 00
Terms—Cash.
E. S. WELLS.

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Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in
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BENT STOCK,
COACH TRIMMINGS,
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BLODGETT PAPER CO.,
73 Randolph Street.
THIS COMPANY HAVE RESOURCES that enable them to sell Wall Paper, at retail, as low as other dealers pay for the same at wholesale. For instance, such Papers as are sold at [illegible]
☞ Liberal discount from the above prices to wholesale dealers.
WM. H. SHAW, Agent.

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I HAVE IN THE VICINITY OF THE South Branch Canals a number of
Residence Lots,
That I will exchange for LABOR; or I will receive ONE-TENTH in Labor, and the balance in nine annual installments, with 6 per cent. interest. [illegible]
W. L. SAMPSON.

A CARD.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE TOWNSLEY HOUSE, St. Louis, Mo., [illegible] OLIVER TOWNSLEY & CO., Townsley House, Fourth street, between Olive and Locust sts.

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE Price of Coal.
THE NORTHERN ILLINOIS COAL AND IRON COMPANY, of Lasalle, are now ready to deliver Coal in Chicago, [illegible] LAW & STROTHER.

Raising Business Blocks.
THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD ANNOUNCE that they are ready to make contracts for RAISING BUSINESS BLOCKS [illegible] Office Room No. 3, third floor, north-east corner of Clark and Randolph streets. BROWN & HOLLINGSWORTH.

DEALERS AND CONSUMERS ARE INVITED.
R. W. DENSMORE & CO.
ARE NOW PREPARED TO SELL AND deliver to any part of the city,
Free of Charge,
[illegible]
R. W. DENSMORE & CO.

Wanted.

INFORMATION WANTED—AT THE BRITISH CONSULATE, [illegible] J. EDWARD WILKINS.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WISHES a situation as Seamstress; [illegible]

A YOUNG MAN, ACCUSTOMED TO writing for the Supreme Court, [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as a Salesman. [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSE KEEPER, by an American woman. [illegible]

WANTED—$2,000!—AN ACTIVE PARTNERSHIP [illegible]

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A GOOD HOUSE, [illegible]

Board and Boarding.

DAY BOARDING—[illegible]

57 MICHIGAN AVENUE—BOARD [illegible]

151 STATE STREET—BOARDING [illegible]

To Let or Lease.

FOR RENT—STORE NO. [illegible]

FOR RENT—FROM FIRST OF MAY—[illegible]

TO RENT—NEW HOUSE NEAR [illegible] Park. [illegible]

TO RENT—[illegible] SAWYER, PAINE & Co., No. 14 Lake st.

FOR RENT—BRICK WAREHOUSE NOS. 210 and 212 South Water street, [illegible]

FOR RENT—FROM FIRST OF MAY—[illegible]

FOR RENT OR SALE—ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS—[illegible]

FOR RENT OR SALE, VERY LOW, [illegible] to Room 17, Franceway's Building.

A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE WITHIN [illegible]

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE [illegible]

FOR RENT—A ROOM [illegible] H. WARNER & CO.

TO RENT—STORE NO. 74 LAKE STREET, occupied by Sawyer, Paine & Co. [illegible] Apply to SAWYER, PAINE & CO.

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LOST—ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, a GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN, [illegible] No. 4 Dole's Building, Chicago.

$15000.—THE UNDERSIGNED [illegible] E. F. JAMES, Att'y, [illegible]

FOR SALE—THE BUILDING AND LOT [illegible] A. P. FOX.

FOR SALE—SOME FIRST CLASS Dwelling Lots on Wabash Avenue, [illegible] WILLIAM BRACKETT.

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NOTICE—ALL PERSONS [illegible]

POSTPONEMENT—THE OPENING OF the proposals [illegible]

OFFICE FOR AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS—[illegible]

MONEY—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL [illegible] PASCHALL WOODWARD.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—ONE [illegible] Apply to SNYDACKER & BROS.

STEAM MILL FOR SALE, SITUATED AT Belvidere, Ill.—[illegible]

REMEMBER THAT POWERS' GREEK SLAVE, [illegible] S. H. GOODMAN, [illegible]

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS—THE [illegible] Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company [illegible]

Copartnerships, &c.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—[illegible] Chicago, March 18th, 1858.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—[illegible]

COPARTNERSHIP—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into partnership [illegible] JOS. G. BURT.

NOTICE—THE COPARTNERSHIP [illegible]

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE—[illegible]

COPARTNERSHIP—THE [illegible] Chicago, March 1, 1858.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—[illegible]

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP—[illegible]

CASH ADVANCES ON SHIPMENTS [illegible] SAWYER, PAINE & CO.

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FOR MARCH, 1858.
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[illegible]

D. B. COOKE & CO.,
Portland Block, Chicago.

Destroyed by Fire!

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Dr. H. James discovered, while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. [illegible]

Address DR. H. JAMES, No. 19 Grand st., Jersey City, N. J.

CAUTION.—The great success which has attended the introduction of Dr. James' East India medicine to the public, [illegible]

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Dr. James' only Genuine Extract of Cannabis Indica Depot, is now at 141 State street, Chicago, where all orders will be promptly filled by addressing DR. G. S. GILBERT, 141 State street, Chicago, Illinois.

[P. O. Box 1682.]

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A. J. WHITE & CO., 50 Leonard street, New York.

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Fenton & Robinson, [illegible]
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Facts cannot be questioned, when the people of any country bear testimony [illegible]

WRITE H. C. Bartman & Co., of Buffalo, N. Y. [illegible]

It is an established fact that Dr. Sanford's Invigorator will cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice and General Debility. [illegible]

TO CURE A COLD.—A RECIPE THAT RARELY EVER FAILS.—[illegible]

ARTIFICIAL LEGS.—D. COWLES & Co., Proprietors and Manufacturers of Wilcox's Patent Artificial Leg [illegible]

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES!—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. Prepared by Dr. Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D., New York City. [illegible]

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SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.

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(MARBLE BLOCK,)

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Wholesale and Retail Drug Business,

WITH UNEQUALLED FACILITIES.

FAY & CO.'S MACHINERY DEPOT.

Ten Woodworth Planers,

FIFTY-FIVE FARRAR'S PLANERS,

Twenty-five Sash and Molding Machines,

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TWENTY-FIVE SIDING SAWS,

TEN STEAM ENGINES,

LEATHER BELTING, RUBBER BELTING, HOSE TRUCKS, &c.

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RUFUS BLANCHARD,

52 La Salle Street,

IS NOW OFFERING A FINE COLLECTION OF STEEL ENGRAVINGS, [illegible]

50 BALES WADDING—FOR SALE BY BOWEN BROTHERS.

DAILY TRIBUNE

SATURDAY MORNING, ...MARCH 20.

A Bit of History.

JACKSON'S DISLIKE OF MR. BUCHANAN.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

About two months ago, in a "Hill Top" letter, I gave the public an item of political history in the shape of General Jackson's opinion of James Buchanan, as expressed to Moses Dawson, of this city. A short time after its publication in your columns, a letter appeared in the New York *Evening Post*, containing an extract of this item of that "Hill Top," with some additional facts of the intimacy between Dawson and Jackson. I did not see this letter until it appeared in the *Post*, or I should have corrected its only error, in making my informant "a boy in Mr. Dawson's newspaper establishment."

This letter has been going the newspaper round, and, at last, reached the vision of Mr. Faran, of the *Enquirer*; and on Sunday he regaled his readers with a column of delectable abuse of some suppositious individual who had been guilty of "a foul slander on the living and the dead." I presume Mr. Faran was not aware that the reported conversation appeared originally in a "Hill Top," as he knows that I generally substantiate my charges, and I excuse his harsh language, for the reason that he, evidently, thought he was dealing with a man of straw.

The old saying, "save me from my friends," could be used pertinently by the shade of Andrew Jackson, after reading the Sunday editorial of the *Enquirer*. The conversation, as detailed in the "Hill Top," was an eulogium on the character of Andrew Jackson, or it would not have been used by me. If Mr. Faran prizes the character of the living subject of that conversation more highly than just praise of the dead, I do not; and his sophistical attempt to blacken the memory of Jackson, to save the character of Buchanan, is a fault of his own, for which he is alone responsible.

I repeat the conversation, which occurred twenty-one years ago, in this city, at the house of General Lytle, where General Jackson stopped on his final return to the Hermitage. My informant, Chas. Reemelin, a gentleman well known in this community as a Democrat, who has been selected by his party, in times past, when it chose honest integrity in its leaders, to represent our county in the Senate of our State, furnished me the letter which follows. He says the conversation arose from a remark made by Mr. Dawson, which bore harshly upon Mr. Clay. The following is the paragraph as it originally appeared:

In this connection I desire to give a bit of unwritten history, for which I have the testimony of a gentleman present at the interview alluded to. It is well known to the political portion of our community that the late Moses Dawson was a warm, personal friend of Andrew Jackson. They corresponded regularly, and Gen. Jackson never passed through this city without having an interview with his old and trusty friend. In 1837, on his return from Washington, after the expiration of his second term, General Jackson had a talk with Moses Dawson, in the course of which he used the following language, referring to James Buchanan:—"My political life has no greater error to atone than my neglect to crush this *reptile* of Pennsylvania when I had him in my power. He was the cause of a bitter war between two men of this Republic (Clay and Jackson,) who should not have been so estranged. His representations caused the charge of 'bargain and sale,' and when brought home to him, he meanly left me alone to face it. Friends interfered then to save him from being exposed, and I listened to them." His utter detestation of the man was expressed by an emphatic stamp of his foot when he spoke of him as the *reptile* of Pennsylvania. After the National Democratic Convention of 1844, Jackson wrote to Moses Dawson, expressing his sympathy with Van Buren in his defeat, and added, "but I rejoice at the *defeat of Buchanan*." This bit of personal history is truthful and reliable, and I commend it to the notice of the *Enquirer*. And this is the Democratic Saint, with whose name is to be linked the honored one of Jackson.

I called the attention of Mr. Reemelin to the editorial of the *Enquirer*, and received from him the following note:

CINCINNATI, March 16, 1858.

Hon. T. C. DAY.

Dear Sir:—You have called my attention to an article in the *Enquirer* of this city, in which a quasi-denial is attempted, that General Jackson ever used to Moses Dawson the language attributed to him in one of the "Hill Top" letters. I heard the conversation referred to, and can bear testimony to its substantial correctness. You are incorrect, however, in ascribing to the General words like *atoning* for an error of *his*.

The article in question is a queer specimen of argumentation. For instance—General Jackson sent Buchanan to Russia; ergo, Buchanan had Jackson's friendship and confidence? Now, it is well known, that Presidents use foreign appointments often as a semi-political exile, and Russia has been frequently selected for that purpose. *Russia* was at that time the mission furthest from home, and Jackson's friendship for B. should perhaps be measured by that distance.

Again, says the *Enquirer*, Buchanan supported General Jackson's Administration. That idea is rich. The vine supports the oak that bears it up! Buchanan supporting Jackson! What a picture that would make!

But the most laughable part of the article is the masked witness, who is introduced under the character of an "old crony" of Moses Dawson, "from whom Dawson withheld nothing," and "who never heard him use a disparaging word of Mr. Buchanan." Now, I suspect the aforesaid individual will turn out to be a soft-money Democrat, and so far from enjoying Dawson's confidence politically, was mistrusted by him upon all questions, where "radical Democracy" was at stake. I have frequently conversed with Mr. Dawson about Buchanan, and, while he shared with all of us Democrats the admiration for Buchanan's Senatorial career, he always opposed the idea of nominating him for President. So did Faran, up to 1856. So did all of the old Jackson Van Buren Democrats, with whom I am acquainted, and Jackson shared this sentiment—in fact, gave it tone among his intimate friends. Had Moses Dawson lived till 1856, he would not have voted for Buchanan.

Respectfully yours,

CH. REEMELIN.

As Mr. Reemelin has effectually disposed of the sophistical argument of Mr. Faran, I have but little to add. That Andrew Jackson despised James Buchanan, we have the evidence of an unimpeachable witness, and that he was a frank, generous and noble hearted man, we have the evidence of the quoted conversation. Henry Clay and Gen. Jackson were estranged by just such "reptiles" as James Buchanan. Two men of similar characteristics were made enemies by designing schemers who calculated to destroy both, and who crawl to power through slime and filth. Andrew Jackson and Henry Clay were two of nature's noblemen; what James Buchanan is, of good, rests solely upon the authority of a partisan press, and of Federal office holders.

TIMOTHY C. DAY.

Death of Rev. John M. Peck.

[From the St. Louis Republican, 17th.]

A note from O'Fallon's Depot, dated yesterday morning, announces the death of Rev. John M. Peck. This event occurred at nine o'clock on Monday evening, at his residence at Rock Spring.

So goes out the light of one of the most useful men that the Mississippi Valley has ever known. It is looking back a good while to say that the Rev. Mr. Peck was a resident of this city, and a Baptist Minister, as early as 1818; that he, and Rev. J. E. Welch, who yet survives him, organized the first Baptist Church in St. Louis; that under their joint efforts, a church was erected on the southwest corner of Market and Third streets, and that a large congregation worshipped there for some years.

As population increased, the ministers of that time scattered abroad, and in future years Dr. Peck was found in different locations—at one time at the head of a school in St. Charles, and afterwards engaged in a similar occupation at Rock Spring, Illinois, but never abandoning his calling of a minister of the Gospel. In this way, nearly forty years of his life passed—occasionally leaving for long periods, and travelling to the East, but always returning to his home in Illinois, where his affections seemed to be fastened with wonderful tenacity. Dr. Peck was not only an extraordinary man in the Pulpit, but he was an accurate observer of men and things—the seasons and the changes connected with them—and treasured up in his daily journal all that seemed to him remarkable in the material world. He found time from his other labors to write many books, the publication of which did as much to enlighten the people of the East in regard to the climate, resources and people of the West, and to invite them hither, as has ever been contributed by any man whatever. The amount of labor performed by him was extraordinary. He was always writing, or doing something for the good of his fellow men. He was a tolerant man, asserting his own opinions firmly yet modestly, and conceding to others the full enjoyment of their own peculiar views on all questions. His early residence in Missouri and Illinois, where men were accustomed to freedom of action and freedom of opinion, probably taught him in early life this sentiment of toleration, albeit it finds less countenance in many communities at the present day. Possibly, no man in the Valley of the Mississippi was so familiar with its local history as Dr. Peck, and although he may have done much to preserve this history by his writings, it may be cause of regret that a few years more were not alloted to him, in which to chronicle and write down things which, it is feared, may have died with him, from the imperfect manner in which his notes were kept. Years ago, he sustained great loss by the destruction of a part of his library by fire, and the loss of a great number of files of newspapers, which he had received from all parts of the Union, and carefully preserved. It belongs to others to write with more particularity of his character, his family relations, and his connection with the church, of which he was one of its most influential members.

DOUBTFUL.—The Cleveland *Plaindealer* (now fully committed to Douglas) says that of the 170,000 Democrats in Ohio who voted for James Buchanan, at least 160,000 are opposed to the Lecompton Constitution.

Landlord and Tenant.

A Court in Philadelphia recently made the following decision:

Groves vs. Hughes.—This was an action tried before Judge Strong at Nisi Prius, the facts of which were these: Wm. Hughes had leased to D. F. Groves for seven years, the premises 102 North Eighth street, at an annual rent of $4,600. These premises were burned in about one year from the commencement of the lease. They were insured, and the policy was held by the landlord, who drew the insurance money, and did not rebuild. The tenant did rebuild, and having paid his rent, brought this action to recover the amount expended by him in rebuilding.

Judge Strong held that in case of a lease containing no express covenant on the part of the landlord to rebuild, he was not bound to rebuild; that the fact of his receiving insurance money created no obligation to rebuild; that the rent was not suspended by the destruction of the premises, but the tenant must continue to pay it; and that since the lease provided that at its expiration the tenant should surrender it "in good order, reasonable wear and tear excepted," it was questionable whether the tenant himself was not at all events bound to rebuild. The judge therefore directed a non-suit.

A SAD EVENT.—On Saturday afternoon, Miss Sarah Barnard, only daughter of Mr. George M. Barnard, of No. 109 Beacon street, lost her life in consequence of her clothes taking fire. Her mother, who was one of the managers of the "Fair for the Poor," was at the Music Hall at the time of the occurrence, and Mr. Barnard was absent. The only persons at the house were Miss Barnard's grandmother and two servant girls. At four o'clock Miss Barnard was sitting in the drawing room, before a coal fire, awaiting the arrival of a friend who was to accompany her to the fair. A few moments before, her grandmother had left her reading, and gone into another room to sit, when she was startled by the screams of her grand-daughter, and, rushing in, found her standing on the floor with her dress in flames. Her outer dress was of woolen texture, and the fire had taken hold of the linen composing her under garments. The old lady endeavored to smother the flames with a rug which she threw over them, but, being very much alarmed, Miss Barnard broke away from her and rushed out of the room, and down the stairway to the kitchen, which was immediately below. Her hurried passage through the air quickened the flames, and, on opening the kitchen door, she was entirely enveloped in them. The servants ran from the house, screaming for help. The first person who reached the spot was the coachman of Mr. G. B. Boardman, who found her lifeless body on the floor, and her clothes still burning. Dr. R. W. Hooper, who resides next door but one, was sent for, but his aid was unavailing, she having probably died where she fell. She was an accomplished young lady, and greatly beloved by a large circle of friends. The precise manner of the accidental firing of Miss Barnard's clothes is not known, nor is it quite certain that she was burned to death. It is surmised that upon reaching the kitchen, she lost all hope, and, becoming bewildered, died of fright.—*Boston Cour., Monday.*

ELOPEMENT IN MASSACHUSETTS.—A few days since, the wife of a gentleman in Natick, Mass., eloped in company with a man who had been boarding in the family, between whom and the woman an improper intimacy is said to have existed for some time. The particulars of the affair are thus related: About two weeks since, the husband, having occasion to return to his residence at an hour when his arrival was unexpected, was astonished at the discovery of his wife's perfidy. The affair was, however, passed over in silence, and but little was heard of it until Tuesday last, when the husband, returning from his accustomed occupation, learned, to his still greater surprise, that his faithless wife had absconded in company with the gentlemanly boarder. Before separating herself from the home which she had rendered miserable, the mother took an affectionate leave of her little son, giving him a piece of money, and telling him that he would never see her more. Nothing has been heard of the guilty woman or her paramour since they left town, nor is their present whereabouts known to the parties most deeply interested.—*Boston Traveler, March 12.*

Plumbing.

R. D. McFARLANE,

GAS, STEAM FITTING,
AND
PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,

54.......LA SALLE STREET.......54

CHICAGO.

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF Gas Fixtures,

From the Celebrated Manufactory of

CORNELIUS & BAKER,

Always on hand, comprising the Plainest and most Elaborate Designs.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER,

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ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.

Particular attention given to fitting up

HOTELS,

WITH STEAM, WATER AND GAS.

IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS AND VASES FOR GARDEN LAWNS AND VERANDAHS

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PROMPTLY AND FAITHFULLY ATTENDED TO.

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THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH TOOLS, IRON PIPE FITTINGS, GAS FIXTURES, PLUMBING MATERIALS, AND EVERY ARTICLE IN THE GAS, STEAM-FITTING AND PLUMBING BUSINESS.

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LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD WORKS.

COLLINS & BLATCHFORD

MANUFACTURERS OF LEAD PIPE, SHEET AND BAR LEAD,

And Dealers in

PIG LEAD.

AGENTS FOR

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AND

St. Louis Shot Tower.

A full assortment of the above constantly on hand.

ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.

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Medical.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Great Central Western Agency.

Merchants, Druggists, Traders,

AND OTHERS DESIROUS OF OBTAINING the

World-Renowned Medicine,

can obtain the same at NEW YORK PRICES [illegible]

GEO. TAYLOR, Agent.

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Sawyer's Fluid Extract of Bark

AN INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR THE

FEVER AND AGUE,

And the Various Forms of

BILLIOUS DISEASES,

Intermittent, Remittent, Chill Fever and DUMB AGUE,

having their origin in Malaria of every form or character.

PREPARED BY DR. S. SAWYER, AND sold by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Druggists and Chemists, 16 Lake street, Chicago. [illegible]

Cough Troches.

AN EXCELLENT LOZENGE OF OUR own make, for Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis.

J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake st.

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ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF FURNITURE

At 323 Lake Street.

WIDMAYER & WENZELL'S ENTIRE STOCK,

Consisting of about

$15,000 Worth of Parlor,

Chamber and Plain Furniture,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY

PARLOR SUITS, ETC.,

Are now offered to the public at LESS THAN COST, as the business must be closed within sixty days.

Purchasers will save 15 to 40 per Cent.

by giving us a call. The attention of

WHOLESALE CASH BUYERS AND MANUFACTURERS

is also invited. Also a large assortment of

Fancy Moldings,

Veneers,

Mahogany Plank,

CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE, ETC.

At Eastern Price

G. EBBINGHOUSEN.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS,

For Females,

ARE INFALLIBLE FOR REMOVING STOPPAGES OR IRREGULARITIES OF THE MENSES. [illegible]

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W. T. SHUFELDT & CO.,

Office, No. 210 South Water Street,

DISTILLERS OF

Alcohol — 98 Per Cent.

PURE SPIRITS, COLOGNE SPIRITS,

AND BURNING FLUID.

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TO THE LADIES

And Mercantile Community.

AT THE EARNEST SOLICITATION OF [illegible]

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WILL, DURING THE PRESENT SEASON, run their well known and popular line of

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THE A NO. 1 FIRST CLASS NEW CANADIAN copper built Barque [illegible]

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[illegible]

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C. T. ATKINSON

Has removed to the large and splendid Store,

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Four Doors West from Old Store,

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Largest and Best Selected Stock in Chicago,

consisting of

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EMBROIDERIES—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT,

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THE NEW HYDRAULIC FLOUR MILLS are now manufacturing FLOUR OF SUPERIOR QUALITY, [illegible]

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SMALL PROFITS AND PROMPT PAY [illegible]

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CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS,

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Broadcloths, Cassimeres,

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Having just completed their inventory, will offer the balance of their

WINTER DRESS GOODS AND SILKS

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GOODS ALL FRESH AND WARRANTED DRY.

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ASSIGNEE'S SALE

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Have been removed to

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At Cost or Less, at Wholesale or Retail,

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600 Bales Batting,

50 Bales Sheetings,

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HAVE IN STORE, AND OFFER FOR SALE, a very rich and extensive assortment of

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NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS,

which they will sell lower than ever.

W. R. WOOD & CO.

Furniture & Upholstery.

NEW CARPETS!

JOHN WEST.

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IS NOW RECEIVING

NEW BRUSSELS Carpets,
NEW VELVET Carpets,
NEW TAPESTRY Carpets,
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An Entire New Stock of the Newest Patterns,

AT

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Best Assortment of Furniture,

CARPETS & CURTAIN MATERIALS

At New York Prices.

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Fine Furniture

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OVAL AND PIER MIRRORS,

SPRING AND HAIR MATTRESSES,

together with a great variety of

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED FURNITURE.

We manufacture only

WELL MADE GOODS,

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Low and Uniform Prices,

and at as low a rate as inferior work is usually sold in this city.

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Prompt attention given to orders by mail.

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I HAVE ARRANGED TO PAY NOTES, Drafts and Acceptances in New York [illegible]

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COLLECTIONS MADE AND REMITTED

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DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND LIBERAL accommodations extended to customers. [illegible]

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DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND INTEREST allowed on Special Deposits. [illegible]

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HAVING A CAPITAL OF $500,000 [illegible]

Opticians.

IMPROVE YOUR EYESIGHT.

AT THE

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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

To those Suffering from Bad Eyesight.

DR. ROSENBERG, OPTICIAN AND OCULIST, (late of Paris, France,) calls the attention of the public, [illegible]

Newly Improved French Crystal & Brazilian Pebble

SPECTACLES.

[illegible]

L. E. ROSENBERG,

Optician and Graduate of the Optic Institutes [illegible]

[illegible]

MARTIN VAN BUREN.

DISTINCT VISION.

SPECTACLES, SUITED TO ALL SIGHTS and ages, fitted carefully and with judgment, at

70 South Clark Street,

BY

LOUIS MAUSS, OPTICIAN,

[illegible]

A. H. Taylor & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Dimension & Rubble Stone,

FROM JOLIET ILL.

[illegible]

FOR SALE,

At Eight Dollars per Ton, Delivered,

BRAN, SHORTS AND MIDDLINGS,

At Adams' Mills, North Water Street.

E. ADAMS & CO.

Legal Notices.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, CHARLES WHITCOMB, [illegible]

GEO. A. INGALLS, Trustee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS JOHN J. FLOYD, GEORGE [illegible]

WILLIAM BRIGGS, Mortgagee.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, In Chancery.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER, Master in Chancery, Cook County, &c.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.
Cook County Court of Common Pleas, In Chancery.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAVING BEEN [illegible]

MICHAEL McAULEY.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—COOK COUNTY—ss.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE [illegible]

WILLIAM L. CHURCH, Clerk.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS JAMES GARDNER, JOHN [illegible]

Master's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN—[illegible]

L. C. PAINE FREER, Master in Chancery, Cook County, Ill.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN [illegible]

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE SECOND DAY [illegible]

HIRAM A. TUCKER, Mortgagee.

SCYTHE [illegible]
WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake st.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE following described Lots, situated in the city of Chicago, [illegible]

JOHN NUTT.
Chicago, Ill., March 25, 1858.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE NINTH DAY OF February, [illegible]

LUCIUS H. SHELDON.

Insurance Statements.

Statement of the Condition
OF THE
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
of Buffalo,
ON THE THIRD DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1858.

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC Accounts of the State of Illinois, [illegible]

NAME AND LOCATION.

CAPITAL.

ASSETS.

LIABILITIES.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, [illegible]

JESSE K. DUBOIS, Auditor P. A.

S. T. ATWATER, Agent.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
Home Insurance Company

MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF THE State of Illinois, [illegible]

NAME AND LOCATION.

The name of this Company is The Home Insurance Company, [illegible] New York.

CAPITAL.

ASSETS.

LIABILITIES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, City and County of New York, ss.

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, Springfield, February 1, 1858. [illegible]

JESSE K. DUBOIS, Auditor P. A.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE
THE OLD ESTABLISHED
NORTH-WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF OSWEGO,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR OFFICE TO 150 South Water Street. [illegible]

HERRICK, MASON & CO., Agents.

Medicines, &c.

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE UNFORTUNATE'S GUIDE, GIVING [illegible]

Chicago, June 6, 1856—1y

DR. HUBBELL'S
MEDICAL INFIRMARY,
85 RANDOLPH STREET, 85
Opposite the Revere House.

TO YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS.—NERVOUS Debility [illegible]

THE
LIVER INVIGORATOR!
Prepared by Dr. Sanford,

IS A GREAT SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL discovery, [illegible]

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR!

[illegible]

Price, One Dollar per Bottle.
SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.

BOSTON ORTHOPEDIC INSTITUTION, [illegible]

EYE AND EAR.

DR. POLLOK, OCCULIST AND AURIST, [illegible]

OFFICE, 81 SOUTH CLARK STREET, Opposite Court House.

Wonder of the World.

THE GREAT SECRET REVEALED.—[illegible]

SHOULDER BRACES, TRUSSES AND SUPPORTERS, of new and improved kinds.
For sale by J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake st.

The Record of the Year.

THE AMERICAN ALMANAC AND REPOSITORY OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE, for the Year 1858. [illegible]

For sale by CARNES & WILSON, 154 Lake st., Chicago.

FRUITS! FRUITS! FRUITS!
L. A. TALCOTT,
NO. 45 RANDOLPH STREET
Has on hand, and is constantly receiving,
APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS, CONFECTIONARY
Nuts, Cigars, Preserves, &c.

Cleveland Wooden Ware Store,
NO. 248 SOUTH WATER STREET.

ENOCH H. PAINE HAS ON HAND AND offers for sale, at the
Lowest Price, for Cash,
[illegible]

ENOCH H. PAINE, 248 South Water st.

R. Folsom,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,
COR. LAKE AND CLARK ST., CHICAGO.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND A RICH STOCK [illegible]

JEWELRY SETTS,

WATCHES,

GOLD CHAINS,
Guard, Fob, Vest and Chatelaine

Silver and Plated Ware.

Cough Troches.

EXCELLENT LOZENGES, OF OUR OWN make, for Coughs, Colds [illegible]
J. H. REED & CO., Druggists and Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake st.

BURNETT'S TOOTH WASH—AT
J. H. REED & CO.'S, 144 and 146 Lake street.

TOOTH POWDERS AND WASHES.
At J. H. REED & CO'S, Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake st.

TOILET SETTS—MANUFACTURED TO order and for sale by
HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO., 110 and 112 Franklin street.

Real Estate for Sale.

ERNST PRUSSING,
Real Estate Agent
AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
50.......Clark Street—Up Stairs.......50
LOTS, FARMS AND LANDS,
Sold on Commission.
Taxes Paid and Rents Collected
For Non-Residents.
GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT AND SOLD.
UNCURRENT MONEY BOUGHT.
Particular Attention Given to Negotiating
LOANS.

SIMEON DOWNING & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND LAND Registry Office, [illegible] South Clark street, Chicago, Illinois. [illegible]

A. C. Oertel,

REAL ESTATE AND BILL BROKER, 17 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill. [illegible]

U. S. GOVERNMENT
Land Locating Agency.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING HAD MUCH personal experience in
Selecting and Locating Lands
[illegible]
LAND WARRANTS OR CASH
[illegible]
WISCONSIN AND MISSOURI.
[illegible]
And 40 Per Cent. Profit Guaranteed,
Payable one year.
IOWA, WISCONSIN AND ILLINOIS LANDS
[illegible]
S. SALISBURY, Land Locating Agent,

Western Lands Wanted.

THE SUBSCRIBER, DESIROUS OF EMIGRATING WEST, [illegible]

JOHN R. LITTLE.

For Sale or Rent.

WATER LOTS ON SOUTH BRANCH, [illegible]

ALSO,

FOR SALE, [illegible]

GATES, WARNER, CHALMERS & FRASER, Eagle Works.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.
LANDS FOR SALE.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD Company [illegible]

JOHN WILSON, Land Com'r I. C. R. R. Co., Chicago, Ill.

PROF. HASKELL'S
ELECTRIC OIL.
A POSITIVE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR
Rheumatism and Neuralgia,
DEAFNESS, ERYSIPELAS,
Scrofula, Bronchitis, Tetter, Ringworm and
SCALD HEAD,
NERVOUS AND SICK HEAD-ACHES,
CURED IN FROM 5 TO 30 MINUTES!

CORNS, PILES, TOOTH-ACHE, CHRONIC [illegible]

CURED INSTANTANEOUSLY!
Prices 50c, $1 and $3 per Bottle.

It is the only REAL HAIR INVIGORATOR [illegible]

THIS WONDERFUL OIL

[illegible]

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

[illegible]

WRIGHT & McCLURE,
Sextons and Undertakers,
NO. 89 LA SALLE STREET.

HAVE ON HAND, AT ALL TIMES, EVERY style and size, Wood, Lead, and Zinc Coffins, [illegible]

WRIGHT & McCLURE.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—INDIA RUBBER Toys, Dolls, Doll Heads, [illegible]

PICKLES AND CATSUPS—THE MOST complete assortment in Chicago, [illegible]
J. Q. HOYT & CO.

DAVIS' ELECTRO-MAGNETIC MACHINES, at SARGENT & ILSLEY'S.

50 TCS. NEW RICE FOR SALE BY
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

THERMOMETERS—GREAT VARIETY, just received.
FENTON, FISHER & CO.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS ISAAC SHELBY, JR. DID [illegible]

E. P. BLACKBURN, Trustee.
Chicago, Jan. 22, 1858.

Railroads.

Going East.

Mich. Southern & Nor. Ind. R. R.

1857.......WINTER ARRANGEMENT.......1858

TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO, AS FOLLOWS, viz:

6 A. M. & 8:45 P. M.—For Cleveland, [illegible]

3 P. M.—LA PORTE ACCOMMODATION.

[illegible]

G. M. GRAY, Gen. Western Ag't.

1857. WINTER ARRANGEMENT 1858
VIA MICHIGAN CENTRAL
And Great Western Railway.

TRAINS LEAVE MICHIGAN CENTRAL Depot, Chicago:

6:00 A. M.—NEW YORK EXPRESS. [illegible]

7:45 A. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS. [illegible]

8:45 P. M.—NEW YORK AND BOSTON EXPRESS. [illegible]

9:45 P. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS. [illegible]

R. N. RICE, Sup't.
H. J. SPAULDING, Gen. Pass. Ag't.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, CONNECTING [illegible]

RATES BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND PITTSBURG.

[illegible]

H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agent.
H. J. LOMBAERT, Sup't, Altoona, Pa.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA. [illegible]

AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

Fare as Low as by any other Route.

[illegible]

THOS. MOORE, Agent.

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago
RAILROAD.

THIS NEW AND DIRECT ROUTE, NOW open to New York, Boston, Pittsburg, [illegible]

Making One Grand, Unbroken Railroad Line
BETWEEN CHICAGO AND THE EAST.
Fare as Low as Any Other Route.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT, ON VAN BUREN STREET,
DAILY, AS FOLLOWS:
6:00, A. M. | 8:45, P. M.
With but one Change of Cars to Pittsburgh.
Checking Baggage Through

[illegible]

JOHN J. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh.
JAMES W. MUNSON, Freight Agent, Chicago.

Going West.

Chicago & Rock Island R. R. Line.

1857...WINTER ARRANGEMENT...1858
FOR IOWA, KANSAS AND NEBRASKA.
No change of Cars between Chicago and Iowa City.

ONLY DIRECT ROUTE FROM CHICAGO [illegible]

9.00 A. M.—Day Express [illegible]

8.30 P. M.—Night Express [illegible]

J. F. TRACY, Sup't.
W. L. St. JOHN, Gen. Ticket Agent.

Great Western Mail Route.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, JAN'Y 6, 1858, Passenger Trains will leave [illegible]

Galena and Chicago Union Railroad.

FOR FREEPORT, GALENA, DUNLEITH & ST. PAUL.

CHICAGO FULTON AND IOWA LINE.

BELOIT AND MADISON BRANCH.

FOX RIVER VALLEY RAIL ROAD.

[illegible]

TRAINS EASTWARD.

[illegible]

JOHN B. TURNER, President.

W. A. THRALL, General Ticket Agent.

PHOENIX REPOSITORY
S. E. Corner State and Adams Sts., Chicago.
FOR THE SALE OF
Horses, Carriages and Harness,
AT PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SALE.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT [illegible]

SUTHERLAND & GOULD, Proprietors.

OFFICER & BROTHER, BANKERS,
126 LAKE STREET (MARINE BANK BUILDING)

DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND LIBERAL [illegible]

100 BBLS. BLEACHED WINTER ELEPHANT OIL, for sale by
SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 78 Lake street.

SYRINGES, BREAST PUMPS, NIPPLE Glasses, [illegible]
FENTON, FISHER & CO.

SHEET IRON—2,000 BUNDLES SHEET Iron, [illegible]
WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake street.

Railroads.

Going Southwest.

St. Louis, Alton & Chicago R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—OCT. 25, 1857.

AIR-LINE ROUTE FROM CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS, [illegible]

From Chicago to St. Louis, 13 Hours.

CONNECTIONS:

AT CHICAGO—[illegible]

AT JOLIET—[illegible]

AT PEORIA JUNCTION—[illegible]

AT BLOOMINGTON—[illegible]

AT SPRINGFIELD—[illegible]

AT ALTON—[illegible]

AT ST. LOUIS—[illegible]

A. H. MOORE, Sup't.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R.R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME—[illegible]

C. G. HAMMOND, Gen'l Sup't.

Going South.

Illinois Central Railroad.

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON, LEAVENWORTH City, [illegible]

JAS. C. CLARKE, Master Transportation.
W. P. JOHNSON, General Ticket Agent.

Illinois Central Railroad.
HYDE PARK SPECIAL TRAIN
CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOV. 23, THE Hyde Park Train [illegible]

W. P. JOHNSON, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

FARE FROM CHICAGO TO LOUISVILLE ONLY $7

New Albany and Salem Railroad.

FOR NEW ALBANY, LOUISVILLE, LEXINGTON and Frankfort, Kentucky. [illegible]

Only one change of Cars between Chicago and New Albany

[illegible]

JOHN B. ANDERSON, Sup't.

Burlington and Missouri River R. R.

IOWA, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA AND KANSAS.—[illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R.

[illegible]

WM. H. BACKUS.

Going North.

Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad.

PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE STATION, [illegible]

WALTER S. JOHNSON, Sup't.

Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac R'd

FOR ST. PAUL AND THE NORTHWEST—[illegible]

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1857, [illegible]

7.00 A. M. EXPRESS, FREIGHT and EMIGRANT TRAIN.

9:00 A. M. DAY EXPRESS, [illegible]

3:00 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS, [illegible]

GEO. L. DUNLAP, Ass't Sup't.

SPLENDID STOCK OF FRENCH TICK [illegible]
FENTON, FISHER & CO.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES—FOR sale by
SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Agents, 78 Lake Street.

500 BOXES STAR CANDLES.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

500 BBLS. GROCERS' EXTRA SYRUP [illegible]
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

FLESH BRUSHES AND STRAPS.
At J. H. REED & CO.'S.

Insurance.

THE MUTUAL
Life Insurance Company,
OF NEW YORK CITY.
Cash Capital Accumulated & Security Invested
FOR THE
BENEFIT OF POLICY HOLDERS
$4,250,000.
R. F. MASON, Agent,
130 South Water street.

JNO. B. ACKLEY & CO.,
LIFE, FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE AGENCY,
Office No. 4 Masonic Temple,
CHICAGO.......ILLINOIS.

REFERENCES.

[illegible]

CONNECTICUT
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital.......$2,500,000
JAMES GOODWIN, President. | GUY R. PHELPS, Secretary.
Jno. B. Ackley, Agent,
Office No. 4 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

FARMERS' UNION INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Cash Capital.......$200,000
SAFELY INVESTED.
Surplus.......$27,000
J. E. CANFIELD, Secretary. | C. N. SHIPMAN, President.

This Company having complied with the Insurance Law of Illinois, takes Risks on Dwellings, Furniture, Buildings, Goods, Produce, and all kinds of insurable Property in Chicago and vicinity.

J. B. ACKLEY, Agent,
Office No. 4 Masonic Temple.

FARMERS' & MECHANICS' INSURANCE CO.,
OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.
(Fire and Marine.)
Capital.......

DIRECTORS:

[illegible]

HON. THOS. B. FLORENCE, President.

This Company has complied with the Illinois Insurance Law.

Risks taken on Hulls, Cargoes, and Merchandise generally, and Losses paid by H. P. WARD, Agent, Office in Dole's New Building (up stairs), Cor. Clark & S. Water sts.

THE GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
CHICAGO, ILL.

[illegible]

DIRECTORS.

[illegible]

OFFICERS.

[illegible]

The above Company, being now fully organized under a Charter granted by the Legislature of this State, is prepared to issue Policies against loss or damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and other insurable property, at the customary rates.

HOWARD FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.
OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Capital.......$600,000
Surplus Capital.......$85,701 37
[illegible]
$685,701.37.

[illegible]

ELLSWORTH & WADSWORTH, Agents,

NEW YORK FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

FIRE RISKS TAKEN AT CURRENT RATES. None but RESPONSIBLE COMPANIES represented.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

[illegible]

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
Life Insurance Company,

ONE OF THE OLDEST AND SAFEST Companies in the country, [illegible]

Nett Surplus Capital of $2,500,000.

[illegible]

INSURANCE OF LIVES,

[illegible]

CYRUS BENTLEY, Agent,
116 Dearborn st., Chicago.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.......$10,000,000

[illegible]

Howe, Eckley & Co.,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS. [illegible]

SAMUEL HOWE.
GEO. R. ECKLEY.
ALBERT MORSE.
GEO. A. MORSE.
C. H. LOOMIS.
Chicago, Oct. 19th, 1857.

Reduced Rates.

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. LINE.—On and after March [illegible]

FROM CHICAGO TO

[illegible]

JAMES W. MUNSON, Freight Agent.

Notice.

TO DEALERS IN LUMBER, TIMBER, WOOD, STONE AND COAL.—[illegible]

A. G. THROOP.

100,000 Seamless Bags.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, AGENTS FOR THE Lewiston Bag Manufacturing Company [illegible]

J. K. HUMPHREY & CO., Agents,
Commission Merchants, 126 South Water street.

Fish! Fish!!

WE ARE OFFERING NO. 1, 2 AND 3 WHITEFISH and TROUT, [illegible]
HALL & THOMAS.

PURE WINES!
PORT, MADEIRA, SHERRY, ETC.,
Of superior quality for medicinal use, for sale by
J. H. REED & CO.,
Druggists and Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake street.

100 MEN CAN FIND PROFITABLE employment [illegible]
RUFUS BLANCHARD,

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, at manufacturers' prices, by their agents in Chicago. [illegible]

50 GROSS LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR sale by
SAWYER, PAIGE & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 78 Lake street.

50 BBLS ALCOHOL.
SARGENT & ILSLEY, Wholesale Druggists, 140 Lake street.

5000 GALLS. ENGLISH LINSEED OIL, just arrived and for sale by [illegible]

1500 BOXES VERY CHOICE STEARINE CANDLES.
REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

BATH TUBS—MANUFACTURED TO order and for sale by
HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO., 110 and 112 Franklin street.

CHAINS—40 CASKS COIL & BRIGHT Ox Chains, for sale by
WILLIAM BLAIR & CO., 176 Lake st.

Wood & Coal.

WOOD! WOOD!!
BEST QUALITY
Seasoned Beech and Maple Wood,
At $5 per Cord.
Also, Choice Screened Erie and Briar Hill Coal,
At $7 per ton, delivered.
HALE & CO.,
North Wells St., near Bridge.

Sheffield Coal.

DAILY ARRIVAL OF 100 TONS.—[illegible]

Coal and Wood.

BRIAR HILL, ERIE, LACKAWANA [illegible]

South Side Wood and Coal Agency,
214 CLARK ST., CORNER ADAMS.

BENJAMIN ACKLEY,
DEALER IN COAL AND WOOD
West Water Street,
BETWEEN RANDOLPH AND WASHINGTON sts.
(Office on the Dock.)

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING EXPENDED over FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS [illegible]

Screened and Dry Coal,

[illegible]

LEHIGH, LACKAWANA,
BRIAR HILL, ERIE, CHIPPEWA,

Wood of all kinds

[illegible]

B. ACKLEY.

Hardware, Machinery &c.

Excelsior Iron Works,
MASON, McARTHUR & CO.,
All Kinds of Steam Boilers,

GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON, [illegible]

P. W. Gates, Warner, Chalmers & Fraser,

MANUFACTURERS OF RAILROAD CARS, [illegible]

Steam Engines and Boilers,

[illegible]

EAGLE WORKS, CHICAGO, ILL.

THOMAS GEORGE & CO.,
AT THEIR OLD STAND
LAKE STREET
MANUFACTURE
All Kinds of Tinware, Sheet Iron
And Copper Ware,
STOVES, FURNACES, COOKING RANGES,
Plain, Planished, Stamped, Japanned Tinware,
ROUGH AND FINISHED BRASS WORK
[illegible]
Tinner's Machines and Tools,
ALL AT LOW PRICES.

American Genius Triumphant!
ATWATER'S
$15 Sewing Machine,

AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM AT the New York State Fair, [illegible]

Harvey Block, cor. Main & Swan sts.,
BUFFALO.......NEW YORK.

Buffalo, Jan. 16th, 1858.

CHICAGO STEAM AND GAS PIPE WORKS
Office, 233 Lake Street.
Walworth, Hubbard & Co.,

GIVE THEIR EXCLUSIVE ATTENTION to Warming and Ventilating Buildings by Steam or Water. [illegible]

STEAM APPARATUS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
FACTORIES, HOTELS,
HOSPITALS, CHURCHES,
RAILROAD SHOPS,
IRON STEAM PIPE,
[illegible]
WORTHINGTON'S STEAM PUMPS,
DUFF'S ALARM WATER GUAGES,
BOILER FLUES, GAS PIPE AND FITTINGS.
AGENTS FOR
ASHCROFT'S STEAM GUAGES,
EASTMAN'S STEAM GUAGES.

FRESH LOBSTERS FROM THE SEA SHORE—[illegible]
J. Q. HOYT & CO.

FINE FRENCH POMADES & HAIR OILS at
J. H. REED & CO.'S, 144 & 146 Lake street.

BURNING FLUID, CAMPHENE, ALCOHOL, [illegible]
FENTON, FISHER & CO., Druggists.

100 DOZ LADIES' PATENT [illegible]

GLYCERINE AND HONEY SOAP—[illegible]
J. H. REED & CO., 144 & 146 Lake st.